LSC Use Only No: LSC Action-D	Date: UWUCC USE Only No	. UWUCC Action-Date: Senate Action Date: Af -103007 App-12/4/07			
Curriculum Proposal Cover Sheet - University-Wide Undergraduate Curriculum Committee					
Contact Person SOUNDARARAJA	N EZEKIEL	Email Address EZEKIEL			
Proposing Department/Unit COMPUT	TER SCIENCE	Phone 7-6102			
Check all appropriate lines and com proposal and for each program propo		Use a separate cover sheet for each course			
Course Proposals (check all that apNew Course	oply) Course Prefix Change	Course Deletion			
XCourse Revision	Course Number and/or Title (Change X Catalog Description Change			
COSC 355 Computer Graphics					
	<u>Proposed</u> of	course prefix, number and full title, if			
Current Course prefix, number and	full title changing				
2. Additional Course Designations: check if appropriate This course is also proposed as a Liberal Studies Course. This course is also proposed as an Honors College Course. Pan-African					
3. Program ProposalsNew Degree ProgramNew Minor Program	Catalog Description ChangeProgram Title ChangeNew Track	angeProgram RevisionOther			
<u>Current</u> program name	Proposed i	program name, if changing			
4. Approvals		Date			
Department Curriculum Committee Chair(s)	- 2 My	5 Dec 06			
Department Chair(s)	Wm. Oglih	12/7/06			
College Curriculum Committee Chair	# 1	05/17/02			
College Dean	Suned Bury	9/24/07			
Director of Liberal Studies *		11-11-7			
Director of Honors College *					
Provost *					
Additional signatures as appropriate:					
(include title)	0 000 1				
UWUCC Co-Chairs	Gail Sechust	10/30/07			
* where applicabl	Rec	eived			

NOV 06 2007

Received

Part-II Description of the Curriculum Change

1. New Syllabus of Record

I. Catalog Description

COSC 355 Computer Graphics

3c-01-3cr

Prerequisites: COSC 310 and junior status

The use of computer graphics hardware and software. An overview of current applications and experience with representative software will introduce current practice. Foundations in primitives, geometry, and algorithms of passive computer graphics are the principal focus. A brief introduction to interactive computer graphics is included.

II. Course Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, the student should be able to

- Discuss computer graphics terminology, progress and issues.
- Describe different kinds of graphics display system.
- Write 2-D and 3-D computer graphics application.
- Model geometric objects into computer graphics.
- Create digital images using vector tools and parametric forms.
- Create images using affine transformation in both 2-D and 3-D cases.
- Develop tools for modeling, shaded objects and 2-D and 3-D viewing.
- Model shapes with polygonal meshes, surfaces and Bezier curves.
- Render texture and hidden surface removal
- Apply advanced techniques such as ray tracing, color theory, and fractals

III. Course Outline

Α.	Introdu	ction	3 hours
	a.	Where computer generated picture are used	
	b.	Primitives	
	c.	Input and output devices	
	d.	Graphics architectures	
В.	Drawin	g figures	4 hours
	a.	Device independent programming	
	b.	Window based programming	
	c.	Graphics primitives	
	d.	Line drawing	
	e.	Interaction with input devices	
C.	Drawin	g tools	3 hours
	a.	Viewports	
	b.	Figures based on regular polygons	
	c.	Drawing circles and arcs	
	d.	Parametric curves	
D.	Vector	tools for graphics	3 hours
	a.	vectors	
	Ъ.	Dot product	
	c.	Cross product	
	d.	Representation of geometric objects	
	e.	Tweening	
	f.	Clipping	
E.	Transfo	rmation of objects	5 hours
	a.	Introduction to transformation	

K. 1	Raster Display, curves and surface a. Pixmaps b. Aliasing c. Polynomials d. Bernstein polynomial e. B-splines f. Color theory Hidden surface removal and ray tracing a. Hidden surface removal methods b. Hidden line removal methods c. Overview of Ray-tracing process Midterm exam	3 hours 2 hours 42 hours	
K . 1	a. Pixmaps b. Aliasing c. Polynomials d. Bernstein polynomial e. B-splines f. Color theory Hidden surface removal and ray tracing a. Hidden surface removal methods b. Hidden line removal methods c. Overview of Ray-tracing process	3 hours	
K . 1	a. Pixmaps b. Aliasing c. Polynomials d. Bernstein polynomial e. B-splines f. Color theory Hidden surface removal and ray tracing a. Hidden surface removal methods b. Hidden line removal methods c. Overview of Ray-tracing process	3 hours	
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J. 1	a. Pixmapsb. Aliasingc. Polynomialsd. Bernstein polynomial	5 nouis	
J. 1	a. Pixmapsb. Aliasingc. Polynomials	5 nouis	
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J. l	a. Pixmaps	5 nouis	
J. 1		5 nouts	
J. 1	Raster Display, curves and surface	5 nouis	
	Destan Disulary summer and surface	3 hours	
	e. Mandelbrot and Julia sets		
	d. Creating images by iterated functions systems		
	c. Peano curves		
	b. String production		
	a. Fractals, random fractals and self-similarity		
I. A	Approaches to Infinity	3 hours	
	d. Shadows		
	c. Texture		
	b. Flat and smooth shading		
	a. Shading models		
H. I	Rendering	5 hours	
	d. Taxonomy of projections		
	c. Graphics pipeline		
	b. Projection of 3-D objects point, line		
	a. Positioning and pointing camera		
G. 7	Three dimensional viewing	4 hours	
	f. Smooth objects		
	e. Extruded shapes		
	d. Polyhedra and Prism		
	c. Properties of meshes		
	b. Finding normal vectors		
	a. Polygonal meshes		
F. 1	Modeling shapes with polygonal meshes	4 hours	
	f. Tiling		
	e. Translation, scaling and rotation		
	d. Drawing 3-D objects		
	c. Changing coordinate systems		
	b. 2-D, 3-D and inverse affine transformation		

Final Exam

During Final Exam Week

IV. Evaluation Methods

The final grade for the course is determined as follows:

Midterm exam	20%
Programming Assignments	30%
Final Exam	30%
Homework	10%
Ouizzes	10%

V. Grading Scale: 90-100% A, 80-89% B, 70-79% C, 60-69% D, 0-59% F

VI. Attendance

The attendance policy will conform to the University wide attendance criteria.

VII. Required Textbook

Computer Graphics using Open GL., Second Edition, F.S.Hill, Jr., Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, 2001. ISBN 0-02-354856-8

VIII. Special Resource Requirements

None.

IX. Bibliography

Angel Edward, Interactive Computer Graphics, a Top Down Approach with Open GL, Reading, MA, Addison Wesley 2003.

Benny Raphael, Ian F.C. Smith, Fundamentals of Computer-aided Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, 2003.

Eric Lengyel, Mathematics for 3d Game Programming and Computer Graphics, Charles River Media, 2003.

Farin, Gerald, NURB Curves and Surfaces From Projective Geometry To Practical Use, A.K. Peters, Wellesley, MA. 1995.

Foley, J., A. van Dam, S. Feiner, and J. Hughes, *Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice*, second edition, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1990.

Foley, J., A. van Dam, S. Feiner, J. Hughes, and R. Phillips, *Introduction to Computer Graphics*, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1994.

Gonzalez, Woods, and Eddins, Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB Prentice Hall, 2004.

Govil-Pai, Shalini Principles of Computer Graphics Theory and Practice Using OpenGL and Maya®, Springer, 2005

Hartman, J. and J. Werneckle, The VRML 2.0 Handbook, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1996.

Hart, John C., G. Francis, and L. Kaufman, "Visualizing Quaternion Rotation," ACM Transactions on Computer Graphics, vol. 13, no. 3, July 1994, 256-276.

Jeff. Lander, Graphics Programming Methods, Charles River Media 2003.

John DiMarco Computer graphics and multimedia: Applications, Problems and Solutions Idea Group Inc, 2004

Peter Comninos, Mathematical and Computer Programming Techniques for Computer Graphics, Springer, 2006

Samuel R. Buss, 3D Computer Graphics: A Mathematical Introduction With Opengl, Cambridge University Press, 2003

Swoizral, H., K. Rushforth, and M.Deering, The Java 3D API Specification, Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2000.

Wendy Jones, Beginning DirectX 9, Thomson Course Technology 2004.

Watt, Alan, 3D Computer Graphics, third edition, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 2000.

Watt, Alan, and M. Watt, Advanced Animation and Rendering Techniques, Addison-Wesley, Wokingham, England, 1992.

2. Summary of the proposed revisions

For the past twelve years, the computer graphics field has been experiencing enormous growth with many applications. The syllabus is revised based on Application Programming Interfaces (API) as opposed to Integrated Development Environment such as Turbo Pascal Graphics.

The change from 2c-11-3cr to 3c-01-3cr brings this course in line with our other offerings. The current facilities do not require a designated "lab time" as when the course was developed (see rationale).

3. Justification/rationale for the revision

With the new advances in technology, our syllabus of record is outdated. Hence, it is necessary that we revise our old syllabus of record because it is a required course for Language and System track (LAS) to meet the ABET criteria.

When COSC 355 was created, the department had limited facilities for accommodating graphics programming. To assure students in the class an opportunity to use these facilities, the course was designed with a lab so that the few facilities could be used by small groups of students – much like a large science lecture has its students divided into smaller groups for labs. For some time, the department has had sufficient facilities to accommodate the entire class working on graphics programming both as a part of class time and in open labs for homework assignments. There is no longer a need to have the course with a different offering mode from our other courses; hence, we are changing to 3c-0l-3cr.

4. The old syllabus of record

I. Catalog Description

CO 355 Computer Graphics

2c-11-3sh

Prerequisites: CO 310 and Junior status.

The use of computer graphics hardware and software. A broad overview of current applications and experience with representative software will introduce current practice. Foundations in basic programming concepts, passive computer graphics and human-computer interaction will be followed by experiences in the analysis and design of interactive computer graphics systems.

Procedural Notes: This course meets two times a week for 60-minute lectures, and once a week for a 60-minute small group laboratory session. The lab sessions are conducted in small groups to allow for hands-on activities and demonstrations. The size of lab groups is limited by the number of workstations which are available, and the need to give individual attention. The laboratory arrangement is especially helpful in orienting students to computing environments and functions with are novel to computer graphics or their experience, and in allowing students to complete many computing projects.

The course works best with a stable computing environment with adequate availability of that environment for student work outside of class. Hardcopy, high resolution displays, variable intensity pixel illumination, a bit-

mapped raster display, color, and programmable devices for interactive graphics are helpful. The course must be supported by a minimum level of these capabilities in its computing environment.

II. Course Purpose

This course is designed as a 300 level first course in computer graphics for computer science students. It is intended as an elective. Students should learn about advanced topics or study a particular topic in depth as an Independent Study project. Students should detail work with specific applications which make use of computer graphics in course work which makes use of those applications. For example, the study of interactive computer graphics for computer-aided design (CAD) is an advanced topic. The use of CAD may be an integral part of an engineering course or a course in Interior Design.

III. Course Content

The course includes experiences with existing computer graphics hardware and software at IUP; software packages (e.g., SLIDES and PLOT79); instruction in and programming of fundamental concepts, including data presentation graphics, standards (especially GKS on the Microvax II), analytic geometry for two and three-dimensional graphics, and algorithms for computer graphics; and an orientation to interactive graphics.

Since this is an introductory course which must be integrated within the total university context and each student's lifetime opportunities, and also because time is limited in a 3-credit course, certain topics are not covered. For example, the Geography Department has coursework which specifically addresses concerns of the use of computer graphics in cartography and image processing. The Art Department teaches the creation of fine art with the use of computer graphics. The Interior Design program includes the use of Computer-Aided Design (CAD). Journalism and Communications Media also make use of computer graphics. Other departments are working in this direction, particularly Chemistry. Within the Computer Science Department, the implementation of device drivers and the study of computer architecture concerns are left to other courses. Time limits generally prevent the study of ray-tracing, lighting, shading, and advanced techniques of animation and interaction. Students in COSC 355 are made aware of these applications and specialized topics, but they generally do not receive classroom instruction about them in depth.

IV. Course Outline

The following topics and emphasis are designed into the schedule. Advanced study and additional topics may be studied by means of a following Independent Study.

> Definition of Computer Graphics and broad overview	l week
> Graphics software primitives	1 week
> Graphics standards	2 weeks
> Programming language concerns in IUP Graphics (C)	1 week
> Two-Dimensional Concepts and Algorithms	1 week
> Three-Dimensional Concepts and Algorithms	2 weeks
> Perspective	2 weeks
> Hidden-Line Problems and Algorithms	2 weeks
> Interactive Graphics	2 weeks
(> Discretion of instructor: Remove hidden-lines or interactive graphics to allow greater intensity in another topics, or the study of alternative topics.)	
* Total *	14 weeks

V. Course Requirements

The following items indicate the general requirements and grading policy. Point scores will be used to determine grade cutoffs for all COSC 355 students. The grade cutoffs will reflect the instructor's best judgment of what level

of achievement a particular point total represents. A course grade will then be determined by each student's point total, plus the personal judgment of the instructor for students who are at a borderline score.

Mid-term 100 points
Final 100 points
Computing projects 200-250 points
Quizzes 30-50 points

* Total * 430-500 points

VI. Bibliography of Appropriate Textbooks

Ammeraal, Leendert. (1986). New York: John Wiley & Sons.

Foley, J.D., and Van Dam, A. (1982). Fundamentals of Interactive Computer Graphics. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley.

Harrington, Steven. (1987). Computer Graphics, A Programming Approach (Second Edition). New York: McGraw Hill.

Hearn, Donald, and Baker, Pauline. (1986). Computer Graphics. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall.

Park, Chan S. (1985). Interactive Computer Graphics. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley.

Part-III Letters of Support or Acknowledgement

Not applicable