INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Council of Trustees Indiana University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education Indiana, Pennsylvania

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Indiana University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Student Cooperative Association, Inc., the College Student Union Association, Inc., the Foundation for Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Inc., the IUP Research Institute, Inc., the Indiana University of Pennsylvania Alumni Association, Inc., and Residential Revival Indiana, which statements reflect total assets, net position, and revenues constituting 100%, 100%, and 100%, respectively, of the 2024 assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units, for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

The financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units that are attributable to the transactions of the University. The University is one of ten universities and the System Office of the Pennsylvania State System of Higher Education (the System). These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the System, as of June 30, 2024, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

The Foundation for Indiana University of Pennsylvania violated certain covenants of its Phase II bond agreement at June 30, 2024, primarily as a result of reduced enrollment and housing demand. The Foundation has made all required debt service payments through June 30, 2024, and has not requested a waiver related to the covenant violations under the terms of the bond. While the holders of these bonds could demand repayment in full, no such demand has been made. The financial statements do not include any adjustments which might results from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, OPEB Liability, Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability, and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania November 5, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to provide a narrative overview and analysis for the financial activities of Indiana University of Pennsylvania (IUP) for the year ended June 30, 2024. IUP's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the financial statements and disclosures which follow.

IUP, founded in 1875, is a public university of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (Commonwealth) and is one of ten universities and the Office of the Chancellor comprising the Pennsylvania State System of Higher Education (the State System) for the 2023-2024 academic year. As a public university, IUP is charged with providing affordable high-quality education to its students. IUP had the fourth largest enrollment of the State System's ten universities for the 2023-2024 academic year.

Like all State System institutions, IUP functions independently, but being part of the State System enables IUP to benefit from economies of scale for shared services and key central systems and administrative support.

The following is an overview of the IUP's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the year ended June 30, 2023. Note, due to rounding, certain increases or decreases may vary slightly from audited financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Tuition and Fees

The State System Board of Governors did not increase the rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, an unprecedented six consecutive years in which tuition was frozen. The Board also set a tentative, frozen tuition rate for next academic year. The University has not increased fees over the same six-year period.

Revenue recognized for tuition and fees net of discounts and allowances was \$52.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, a 7.9% decrease over the \$56.8 million recognized for the year ended June 30, 2023. The net tuition decrease was primarily due to an increase in discounts equal to \$7.6 million.

Auxiliary Enterprises Revenue

Auxiliary enterprises revenue increased to \$33.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, a 40.3% increase over the \$23.7 million increase over the year ended June 30, 2023. The increase was due to a \$1.9 million (18.0%) increase in food service and a \$5.2 million (38.3%) increase in housing. The housing revenue increase was due to higher occupancy, which in turn had a similar effect on food service revenue.

Appropriations

IUP receives state appropriations from the Commonwealth to support its operations. IUP received a general state appropriation of \$59.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, which was a \$2.5 million (4.4%) increase over the \$56.9 million appropriation for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Appropriations (Continued)

Pennsylvania ranked 40th in the nation in public higher education appropriations per FTE student, based on the 2023 State Higher Education Report produced by the State Higher Education Officers Association. This is an improvement over the 46th ranking in the 2022 report. The appropriation increases in recent years have been instrumental in the ability to freeze tuition, provide important services for our students, and support our financial health.

IUP's state appropriation for capital decreased to \$2.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, which was a 11.3% decrease from the \$3.0 million capital appropriation for year ended June 30, 2023. The Commonwealth's Key '93 Fund, which is funded by the Realty Transfer Tax, is the source of the capital appropriation. The Key 93 Fund provides a consistent revenue stream for university educational and general deferred maintenance.

Debt

In July 2023, IUP made early repayment of bond series AO in the amount of \$11.1 million. Series AO was issued in June 2013 for a dining facility. Retirement of the debt will reduce auxiliary debt service by an average of \$1.4 million through Fiscal Year 2032-33, the maturity date of Series AO.

Enrollment

Fall enrollment increased over the prior year, as follows:

	Fall 2023	Fall 2022	Increase
Undergraduate	7,079	7,054	25
Graduate	1,814	1,778	36
Clock Hour	361	322	39
Total	9,254	9,154	100

Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position reports the balances of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of IUP as of the end of the fiscal year.

- Assets include cash investments reported at fair value, the value of outstanding receivables due from students and other parties, and land, buildings, and equipment reported at cost, less accumulated depreciation.
- Deferred outflows of resources, which is defined as a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, includes deferred losses on refunding of debt and certain items associated with the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities (health and tuition benefits expected to be paid to eligible current and future retirees).

Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

- Liabilities include payments due to vendors, employees, and students; revenues received but yet earned; the balance of bonds payable, and amounts estimated to be due for items such as workers' compensation (IUP is self-insured), compensated absences (the value of sick and annual leave earned by employees), pension benefits, OPEB, and deferred income associated with lessor leases.
- Deferred inflows of resources, defined as an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods, reports deferred gains on refunding of debt and certain items associated with the net pension and OPEB liabilities and annual pension and OPEB expense and lease receivables.
- Net position, the difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources equals the net position.

Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

The following is a summary of the statement of net position for fiscal years ended June 30:

	2024	2023
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 49,737,294	\$ 84,657,122
Other Current Assets	20,272,088	16,641,571
Total Current Assets	70,009,382	101,298,693
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets, Net	292,018,463	302,035,641
Other Noncurrent Assets	13,115,498	11,905,141
Total Noncurrent Assets	305,133,961	313,940,782
Total Assets	375,143,343	415,239,475
Deferred Outflows of Resources	38,384,446	53,402,294
Total Assets and Deferred		
Outflows of Resources	\$ 413,527,789	\$ 468,641,769
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities	¢ 14 500 201	¢ 45.000.700
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue	\$ 14,593,321 2,402,996	\$ 15,826,762 10,243,565
Current Portion of Long Term Liabilities	15,848,034	25,125,759
Other Current Liabilities	3,188,112	3,256,251
Total Current Liabilities	36,032,463	54,452,337
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long Term Liabilities, Net of Current Portion	167,812,186	175,129,092
Postretirement Benefits Obligation	119,708,829	127,651,484
Net Pension Liability	108,775,606	119,796,449
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		14,888
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	396,296,621	422,591,913
Total Liabilities	432,329,084	477,044,250
Deferred Inflows of Resources	81,694,389	101,391,237
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	128,626,705	120,899,441
Total Restricted	18,310,967	17,514,966
Total Unrestricted Total Net Position	(247,433,356)	(248,208,125)
	(100,495,684)	(109,793,718)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		
of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 413,527,789</u>	\$ 468,641,769

Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Position

Net position increased by \$9.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. This compares to an increase of \$41.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In accordance with GASB requirements, IUP reports three components of net position:

- Net investment in capital assets is the cost of land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furnishings, and library books, right of use leases and subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation and less any associated debt (primarily bonds payable). This balance is not available for use in ongoing operations since the underlying assets must be sold to use the balance to pay current or long-term obligations. The Commonwealth prohibits the State System from selling university land and buildings without prior approval.
- Restricted net position represents the balances of funds received from the Commonwealth, donors, or grantors who have placed restrictions on the purpose for which the funds must be spent. Nonexpendable restricted net position represents the corpus of endowments and similar arrangements in which the associated investment income can be spent. Expendable restricted net position represents the portion of restricted funds that is available for expenditure when the external purpose and time restrictions are met.
- Unrestricted net position includes three liabilities that the university does not fund, along with the respective deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Because these liabilities will be realized gradually over future years, and because of their size, IUP expects to fund these liabilities on a "pay-as-you-go" basis; i.e., as they become due.
 - The liability for compensated absences represents the dollar value, based on the employee's current salary, of annual and sick leave that employees have earned and could potentially receive in the form of cash payouts upon retirement or other termination. All full-time employees are eligible to be paid, upon termination, for their accumulated unused annual, personal, and holiday leave, with a maximum accumulation of 45 days. Sick leave payouts; however, are subject to vesting requirements, and the value of accumulated unused sick leave is paid only to those employees who retire and meet service and/or age requirements, and is capped depending on the number of days accumulated. The liability for sick leave is estimated based on historical sick leave payouts.
 - The liability, increased by \$0.5 million to \$14.9 million as of June 30, 2023. This compares to a \$6.1 million decrease to \$14.4 million at June 30, 2023.
 - The OPEB liability consists of three plans, which are summarized below:

			Increases/
	 2024	2023	(Decreases)
State System of Higher Education Healthcare Plan	\$ 100,466,036	\$ 93,991,009	\$ 6,475,027
Retired Employee Healthcare Plan	23,825,534	37,195,181	(13,369,647)
Public School Employees' Retirement Plan	 422,088	422,402	(314)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 124,713,658	\$ 131,608,592	\$ (6,894,934)

Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

• The net pension liability is summarized as follows:

	2024	2023	Increases/ (Decreases)
State Employee Retirement System	\$ 98,262,066	\$ 109,497,798	\$ (11,235,732)
Public School Employee's Retirement System Plan	 10,513,540	10,298,651	214,889
Total Pension Liability	108,775,606	119,796,449	(11,020,843)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the fiscal year. The result is reported as an increase or decrease in net position. In accordance with GASB requirements, revenues and expenses are presented as either operating or nonoperating. GASB has determined all public college and university state appropriations are nonoperating revenues. In addition, GASB requires classification of gifts, state appropriations, Pell grants, investment income net of investment expenses, unrealized gains and losses on investment, interest expense, and losses on disposals of assets, as nonoperating revenues and expenses. IUP classifies all remaining activities as operating.

The increase in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, excluding the effect of unfunded liability (revenue) expense resulted an adjusted (decrease) in net position.

	 2024	2023
Increase in Net position	\$ 9,298,033	\$ 41,941,184
Unfunded Liability (Revenue) expenses	 (22,074,242)	(61,333,818)
(Decrease) in Net Position Excluding the Effect of Unfunded Liability Expenses	 (12,776,209)	(19,392,634)

Operating revenues increased \$6.4 million (5.6%) to \$122.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, from \$115.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2023. The increase in operating revenues is primarily due to a \$7.6 million increase (21.8%) in scholarship discounts and allowances, which was offset by a \$9.5 million increase (40.3%) in auxiliary enterprises.

Nonoperating revenues were \$91.3 million and \$84.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The \$7.2 million increase was primarily due to a \$2.5 million (4.4%) increase in state appropriations and a \$2.4 million (17.5%) increase in Pell grants.

Operating expenses were \$202.5 million and \$154.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, a \$47.8 million (30.9%) increase. Excluding the effect of the aforementioned effect of unfunded liability revenue, operating expenses increased to \$224.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2024, a \$8.5 million increase (3.8%) over \$216.0 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Operating expenses, excluding the effect of unfunded liability expenses, increased primarily due to personnel compensation equal to \$142.9 million and \$138.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, a \$4.2 million (3.0%) increase. Personnel compensation as a percent of total operating expenses was 59.7% and 50.0% for the years ended June 30, 2024. Excluding the effect of unfunded liability expense, personnel compensation expense was 63.6% and 64.2% of total operating expenses.

Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Operating expenses exceeded operating revenues by \$80.4 million and \$39.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Excluding the effect of unfunded liability expense, the operating loss for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$102.6 million and \$100.5 million, a \$2.1 million (2.0%) increase.

Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

The following summary shows the statement of operating revenues, operating and nonoperating expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30.

	2024	2023
OPERATING REVENUES		
Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 52,356,487	\$ 56,832,165
Governmental Grants and Contracts	24,421,849	23,240,047
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	5,088,090	3,572,478
Sales and Services Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	6,636,157	7,902,413
Other Revenue	33,212,341 272,761	23,668,430 322,436
Total Operating Revenue	121,987,685	115,537,969
	121,001,000	110,001,000
State Appropriations, General and Restricted	50 200 622	56 905 222
Federal Grants and Appropriations, COVID	59,388,623 6,843,881	56,895,233 5,424,951
Pell Grants	15,877,953	13,510,979
Investment Income, Net (Includes Unrealized Gains and Losses)	4,779,418	4,075,759
Other Nonoperating Revenues	4,359,882	4,216,507
Total Nonoperating Revenues	91,249,757	84,123,429
OTHER REVENUES		
State Appropriations, Capital	2,646,859	2,985,026
Capital Gifts and Grants	774,131	244,872
Total Other Revenues	3,420,990	3,229,898
Total Revenues	216,658,432	202,891,296
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Instruction	69,139,673	49,011,330
Research	1,025,260	1,196,867
Public Service	8,095,531	6,112,219
Academic Support	16,863,371	13,438,397
Student Services	16,954,272	12,016,731
Institutional Support	25,840,895	21,257,039
Operations of Maintenance and Plant	11,444,832	9,146,129
Depreciation and Amortization	19,044,380	18,962,854
Student Aid	13,672,611	12,765,500
Auxiliary Enterprises	20,385,647	10,780,788
Total Operating Expenses	202,466,472	154,687,854
NONOPERATING EXPENSES	4 755 007	5 400 050
Interest Expense on Capital Asset-Related Debt	4,755,097	5,486,258
Other Nonoperating Expenses	138,829	776,000
Total Nonoperating Expenses	4,893,926	6,262,258
Total Expenses	207,360,398	160,950,112
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,298,034	41,941,184
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	(109,793,718)	(151,734,902)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ (100,495,684)	<u>\$ (109,793,718)</u>

Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

This statement's primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments. The statement may be used to determine the ability to generate future net cash flows and meet obligations as they come due.

The cash balance for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$49.8 million and \$84.7 million, respectively, a \$34.9 million decrease.

	2024	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities	\$ (89,944,894) 79,104,816 (27,718,514)	\$ (82,602,358) 86,261,440 (20,398,199)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>3,638,764</u> (34,919,828)	<u>3,259,751</u> (13,479,366)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	84,657,122	98,136,488
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 49,737,294	\$ 84,657,122

Other Economic Factors

Several considerations should be noted with respect to IUP's financial outlook in upcoming fiscal years as several conditions could limit its future financial position.

- State Appropriations IUP receives a substantial annual state appropriation from the Commonwealth. The Commonwealth's level of funding for higher education per student is near the lowest of all states. Financial pressures on the Commonwealth may result in future reductions in state support. Additionally, changes in the Board of Governors allocation methodology may further reduce IUP's appropriation. Recent appropriation increases effectively offset collective bargaining increases. A potential tuition increase in today's competitive environment is not expected to raise enough revenue to offset mandatory collective bargaining increases. The University will receive a 7.0% appropriation increase for fiscal year 2024-25.
- 2. Enrollment In recent years, the Commonwealth experienced a decrease in traditional high school graduates, particularly in the western region of the Commonwealth which is IUP's primary service area. Although number of high school graduates has stabilized, another significant decline is expected in fiscal year 2027. Competition among both public and private colleges and universities to maintain or increase enrollments will continue to grow under these market conditions, requiring IUP to be strategic in the areas of scholarship, marketing, recruitment, and program development.

Financial Statements (Continued)

Other Economic Factors (Continued)

- 3. Tuition and fee structure IUP relies heavily on tuition and fee revenue to support current operating activities and must compete for enrollments of traditional residential undergraduate students, graduate students, distance education students, international students, and nontraditional students. The State System of Higher Education Board of Governors has held tuition flat for six consecutive years to improve affordability and set a tentative tuition rate for the 2025-26 academic year that was also frozen. The University's Council of Trustees also has not increased room and meal plan rates over the same period of time.
- 4. Increased costs mandated by collective bargaining agreements 86% of the IUP's employees are represented by eight collective bargaining units, the two largest of which are the Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF) and the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME). The APSCUF contract for the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2027 includes 4.0%, 2.0%, 1.25%, and 3.0% pay raises over the four year contract term, and the AFSCME contract includes annual step and general pay increases of 6.2%, 4.3%, 4.2%, and 3.8% over the same The contractual cost increases continue to strain the University's allocation of resources to meet operating needs.
- 5. As with most public and private higher education institutions, the financial health of IUP is being strained by decreasing enrollments and increasing operating costs. IUP management has reduced costs and will continue to do so to balance its budget.

Requests for Information

For more information about these financial statements, contact the following:

Mr. William E. Buttz Associate Vice President for Finance Indiana University of Pennsylvania 1090 South Drive Clark Hall

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – UNIVERSITY JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 49,737,294
Accounts Receivable:	
Governmental Grants and Contracts	4,384,745
Students, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$11,870,164	7,267,911
Sales and Service	1,215,482
Other, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$60,000	235,635
Inventories	884,850
Prepaid Expenses	1,570,608
Loans Receivable	6,777
Investment Income Receivable	159,796
Current Portion of Leases Receivable	101,574
Due from Component Units	3,664,815
Due from Component Units - Lease Receivable	30,642
Other Current Assets	749,253
Total Current Assets	 70,009,382
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	25,055
Investments	10,166,879
Loans Receivable, Net	41,722
Long-Term Portion of Leases Receivable	1,591,703
Due from Component Units - Lease Receivable	1,290,139
Capital Assets, Net	292,018,463
Total Noncurrent Assets	 305,133,961
Total Assets	375,143,343
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unamortized Loss on Refunding of Debt	51,590
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	23,463,769
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Outflows	 14,869,087
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 38,384,446
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 413,527,789

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – UNIVERSITY (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET DEFICIT

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses:	^	0 404 005
Supplies and Services	\$	3,181,985
Employees		11,411,336
Unearned Revenue:		4 000 404
Students		1,980,101
Grants and Appropriations		283,007
Sales and Service		125,000
Other		14,888
Accrued Interest Payable		616,016
Students' Deposits		397,144
Other Deposit Liabilities		449,021
Current Portion of Workers' Compensation Obligation		328,687
Current Portion of Compensated Absences Obligation		1,296,229
Current Portion of Leases, Financed Purchases, and Subscription Liabilities		6,032,898
Current Portion of Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		5,004,829
Current Portion of Bonds Payable, Net		2,330,050
Current Portion Due to System, Academic Facilities Renovation Bond Program (AFRP)		89,555
Due to Component Units		975,282
Due to Component Units - Lease Liabilities		765,786
Other Current Liabilities		750,649
Total Current Liabilities		36,032,463
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Compensated Absences Obligation, Net of Current Portion		13,593,156
Other Postretirement Benefits Obligation		119,708,829
Net Pension Liability		108,775,606
Leases, Financed Purchases, and Subscription Liabilities		124,041,068
Bonds Payable, Net of Current Portion		19,187,426
Due to System, AFRP		193,141
Due to Component Units - Lease Liabilities		10,797,395
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		396,296,621
Total Liabilities		432,329,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized Gain on Refunding of Debt		6,029
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		6,290,004
Other Post Employment Benefits Related Deferred Inflows		72,531,295
Lease Receivable		1,633,263
Lease Receivable Component Units		1,233,798
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		81,694,389
NET DEFICIT		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		128,626,705
Restricted for:		
Nonexpendable:		
Scholarships and Fellowships		3,163,794
Other		817,830
Expendable:		
Scholarships and Fellowships		1,246,084
Research		1,658
Capital Projects		13,071,817
Other		9,784
Unrestricted		(247,433,356)
Total Net Deficit		(100,495,684)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Deficit	\$	413,527,789

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – UNIVERSITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES		
Tuition and Fees, Net of Refunds	\$	95,078,372
Less: Scholarship Discounts and Allowances		42,721,885
Net Tuition and Fees		52,356,487
Governmental Grants and Contracts: Federal		9,298,436
State		15,121,402
Local		2,011
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts		5,088,090
Sales and Services of Educational Departments		6,636,157
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net of Refunds		33,212,341
Other Revenues		272,761
Total Operating Revenues		121,987,685
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Instruction		69,139,673
Research		1,025,260
Public Service		8,095,531
Academic Support		16,863,371
Student Services		16,954,272
Institutional Support		25,840,895
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		11,444,832
Depreciation and Amortization		19,044,380
Student Aid		13,672,611
Auxiliary Enterprises		20,385,647
Total Operating Expenses		202,466,472
OPERATING LOSS		(80,478,787)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Appropriations, General and Restricted		59,388,623
Federal and State Grants and Appropriations - CARES Act COVID Relief		6,843,881
Commonwealth on behalf Contributions to PSERS		909,044
Pell Grants		15,877,953
Investment Income, Net		4,159,860
Unrealized Gain on Investments		619,558
Gifts for Other than Capital Purposes		3,450,838
Interest Expense on Capital Asset-Related Debt		(4,755,097)
Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) Nonoperating Revenues, Net		(138,829) 86,355,831
Nonoperating revenues, Net		00,333,031
INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES		5,877,044
OTHER REVENUES		
State Appropriations, Capital		2,646,859
Capital Gifts and Grants		774,131
Total Other Revenues		3,420,990
INCREASE IN NET POSITION		9,298,034
Net Deficit - Beginning of Year		(109,793,718)
NET DEFICIT - END OF YEAR	\$	(100,495,684)
	<u> </u>	

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – UNIVERSITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Tuition and Fees Grants and Contracts Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees Loans Issued to Students Loans Collected from Students Student Aid PLUS, Stafford, and Other Loans Receipts PLUS, Stafford, and Other Loans Disbursements Auxiliary Enterprise Charges Sales and Services of Educational Departments Other Receipts (Payments)	\$ 52,098,422 27,566,834 (51,445,980) (141,903,557) (106,889) 63,985 (13,672,611) 63,705,625 (63,705,625) 32,443,444 6,674,590 (1,663,132)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(89,944,894)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State Appropriations Gifts and Nonoperating Grants for Other Than Capital Purposes PELL Grant Custodial Transactions, Net Other Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 59,388,623 3,450,808 15,877,983 225,586 161,816 79,104,816
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Appropriations Capital Grants and Gifts Received Purchases of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt, Leases, and Subscriptions Interest Paid on Capital Debt, Leases, and Subscriptions Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	 2,646,859 347,402 (5,464,410) (20,384,797) (4,863,568) (27,718,514)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments Interest on Investments Purchase of Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 205,537 4,237,276 (804,049) 3,638,764
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(34,919,828)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 84,657,122
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 49,737,294

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – UNIVERSITY (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(80,478,787)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	Ψ	(00,470,707)
Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		19,044,380
Expenses Paid by Commonwealth or Donor		909.044
Effect of Changes in Operating Assets, Liabilities, and		000,011
Deferred Inflows and Outflows:		
Receivables, Net		(1,965,940)
Lease Rental Receivable Activities		(24,591)
Inventories		(55,184)
Other Assets		(1,673,641)
Accounts Payable		(1,939,446)
Unearned Revenue		(1,011,576)
Students' Deposits		30,994
Compensated Absences		463,446
Loans to Students and Employees		(42,904)
Post Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activities		(17,553,959)
Defined Benefit Pension Activities		(4,983,729)
Other Liabilities		(663,001)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(89,944,894)
		<u> </u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		
Capital Assets Included in Payables	\$	706,007
Capital Assets Acquired by New Right of Use leases	\$	328,983
Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements	¢	2,429,266
Capital Assess Acquired by New Subscription Agreements	Ψ	2,429,200
Capital Assets Acquired by Gift	\$	426,729

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts and Interest Receivable Contributions/Pledges Receivable Due from University Inventories and Prepaid Expenses Investments Capital Assets, Net Funds Held by Component Unit Restricted Cash and Investments Right of use assets Other Assets Total Assets	\$ 9,224,960 3,705,513 2,384,771 975,283 425,540 131,716,073 64,891,910 6,920,337 20,614,202 2,062,136 126,755,475 \$ 369,676,200
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Deferred Revenues Annuity Liabilities Due to University Deposits Payable Funds Held for Component Unit Lease Liabilities Long-Term Debt, Net Interest Rate Swap Agreements Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 2,079,521 2,750,258 104,934 4,622,726 265,263 6,920,337 1,099,973 190,728,482 3,289,976 3,225,278 215,086,748
NET ASSETS Without Donor Restriction With Donor Restriction Total Net Assets Total Liabilities and Net Assets	62,134,041 92,455,411 154,589,452 <u>\$ 369,676,200</u>

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTION

Revenues and Other Additions:	
Sales and Service	\$ 4,613,156
Student Fees	8,319,367
Grants and Contracts	6,966,154
Rental Income, Net of Refunds	7,942,655
Investment Income, Net	5,159,149
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	2,238,867
Other Revenues and Gains	3,308,670
Contributions	1,193,684
Net Assets Released Based on Satisfaction of Program Restrictions	5,474,569
Total Revenues and Other Additions	45,216,271
Expenses and Losses:	
Program Services:	
Scholarships and Grants	4,364,752
Student Activities and Programs	5,069,263
University Stores	3,251,632
Housing	11,753,330
Other Programs	13,400,643
Management and General	2,153,340
Fundraising	 1,689,508
Total Expenses	 41,682,468
Investment Return, Net	 (1,459,142)
Total Expenses and Losses	 40,223,326
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restriction	4,992,945
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	
Contributions	6,400,539
Investment Income, Net	7,852,292
Other Revenues and Gains	250,000
Net Assets Released Based on Satisfaction of Program Restrictions	 (5,474,569)
Change in Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	 9,028,262
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	14,021,207
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 140,568,245
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 154,589,452

INDIANA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA OF THE STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION EXPENSE BY FUNCTION AND NATURE – COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Program							
	Scholarships and Grants	Student Activities and Programs	University Stores	Housing	Other Programs	Total Programs	Management and General	Fundraising	Total Supporting	Total Expenses
Natural Expense										
Salaries and Benefits	\$-	\$ 583,733	\$ 703,864	\$ 676,396	\$ 3,404,759	\$ 5,368,752	\$ 1,520,952	\$-	\$ 1,520,952	\$ 6,889,704
Gifts and Grants	250,000	3,367,732	-	54,926	1,063,399	4,736,057	-	1,825	1,825	4,737,882
Supplies and Travel	-	-	2,416,354	21,567	2,131,438	4,569,359	159,227	152,595	311,822	4,881,181
Services and										
Professional Fees	-	298,250	44,421	272,348	2,334,854	2,949,873	231,766	1,496,836	1,728,602	4,678,475
Office and Occupancy	-	582,492	3,609	-	85,686	671,787	195,543	-	195,543	867,330
Depreciation	-	-	-	1,791,746	1,221,852	3,013,598	-	-	-	3,013,598
Interest	-	-	-	6,268,037	875,385	7,143,422	-	-	-	7,143,422
Other	4,114,752	237,056	83,384	2,668,310	2,283,270	9,386,772	45,852	38,252	84,104	9,470,876
Total Expenses	\$ 4,364,752	\$ 5,069,263	\$ 3,251,632	\$ 11,753,330	\$ 13,400,643	\$ 37,839,620	\$ 2,153,340	\$ 1,689,508	\$ 3,842,848	\$ 41,682,468

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Indiana University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education (the University), a public four-year doctoral intensive institution located in Indiana, Pennsylvania, was founded in 1875. The University is one of ten universities, and the System Office, which comprise Pennsylvania's State System of Higher Education (the State System). The State System was created by the State System of Higher Education Act of November 12, 1982, P.L. 660, No. 188, as amended (Act 188). The State System is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (the Commonwealth).

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The economic resources measurement focus reports all inflows, outflows, and balances that effect an entitity's net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The accompanying financial statements of the component units, which are all private nonprofit organizations, are reported in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) requirements, including FASB Codification Section 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition and presentation features. No modifications for these differences have been made to the component units' financial information presented herein.

Reporting Entity

The University functions as a business-type activity, as defined by GASB.

The University has determined that the Student Cooperative Association, Inc. (the Cooperative); the College Student Union Association, Inc. (the Student Union); the Foundation for Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Inc. (the Foundation); the IUP Research Institute, Inc. (the Research Institute); the Indiana University of Pennsylvania Alumni Association, Inc. (the Alumni Association); and Residential Revival Indiana (RR Indiana), should be included in the University's financial statements as discretely presented component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the primary institution is financially accountable or closely related.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Cooperative includes Student Funds, the Co-op Store, and Central Treasury. Student Funds administers activity fees assessed and collected by the University. The Co-op Store sells college textbooks, clothing, and supplies, and Central Treasury acts as a banking agent for campus organizations. Because the economic resources received and held by the Cooperative are for the direct benefit of the University and the influence of the University over the Cooperative, the Cooperative is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The fiscal activity of the Cooperative is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Student Union is a nonprofit entity that is affiliated with the Cooperative. Its assets include the various buildings and the main furnishings and fixtures. Because the economic resources received and held by the Student Union are for the direct benefit of the University and the influence of the University over the Student Union, the Student Union is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of the Student Union is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Foundation acts as a repository for gifts given for the benefit of the University. Resources held by the Foundation are used solely for supplement of the capital, public services, financial aid, and educational programs of the University and administratively operate the Foundation. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources and income thereon is restricted for the activities of the University by donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of the Foundation is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The RR Indiana is a nonprofit entity which was incorporated to maintain and manage certain student housing facilities on the main campus of the University. Because the economic resources received and held by the RR Indiana are for the direct benefit of the University and the influence of the University over the RR Indiana, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of the RR Indiana is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Research Institute engages in, fosters, and supports research related to fields of study at the University and provides development and administrative services for such research. The Research Institute also disseminates information related to research to the academic community and public and offers programs and services related to the procurement of funding for conducting research and development projects.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Because these restricted resources held by the Research Institute can only be used by, or for the benefit of the University, the Research Institute is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of the Research Institute is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Alumni Association is a nonprofit entity that serves alumni of the University as an independent association governed by a volunteer board of directors. The Alumni Association is dedicated to connecting alumni, students, and friends of the University to create and enrich relationships to advance IUP. Because the resources received and held by the Alumni Association are for the direct benefit of the University and the influence of the University over the Alumni Association, the Alumni Association is considered a discretely presented component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of the Alumni Association is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Complete financial statements for the Cooperative, Student Union, Foundation, RR Indiana, Research Institute, and Alumni Association may be obtained at the University's Administrative Office.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues of the University consist of tuition, student fees, student financial aid, auxiliary activity, corporate partnerships, and revenue from cogeneration sales. In addition, governmental and private grants and contracts, in which the grantor receives equal value for the funds given to the University, are recorded as operating revenue. All expenses, with the exception of interest expense, loss on the sale of investments, loss on the disposal of assets, and extraordinary expenses are recorded as operating expenses. Appropriations, gifts, interest income, capital grants, gains on the sale of investments, gains on the disposal of assets, parking and library fines, and governmental and private research grants and contracts in which the grantor does not receive equal value for the funds given to the University are reported as nonoperating revenue.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances and Waivers

In accordance with a formula prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO), the University allocates the cost of scholarships, waivers, and other student financial aid between Scholarship Discounts and Allowances (netted against tuition and fees) and Student Aid expense. Scholarships and waivers of room and board fees are reported in auxiliary enterprises. The cost of tuition waivers granted to employees is reported as employees' benefits expense.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position

Net position is the residual of assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. The University maintains the following classifications of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, repair, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Nonexpendable: Net position subject to externally imposed conditions requiring that they be maintained by the University in perpetuity.

Restricted – Expendable: Net position whose use is subject to externally imposed conditions that can be fulfilled by the actions of the University or by the passage of time.

Unrestricted – All other categories of net position. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by the University's council of trustees.

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision as to which funds are used first is left to the discretion of the University.

Cash Equivalents and Investments

The University considers all demand and time deposits and money market funds to be cash equivalents. Investments purchased are stated at fair value. Investments received as gifts are recorded at their fair value or appraised value as of the date of the gift. The University classifies investments as short-term when they are readily marketable and intended to be converted to cash within one year.

Accounts Receivable and Loans Receivable

Accounts and loans receivable consist of tuition and fees charged to current and former students, amounts due from federal and state governments in connection with reimbursements of allowable expenditures made pursuant to grants and contracts, and other miscellaneous sources.

Accounts and loans receivable are reported at their net realizable value. Accounts are written off when they are determined to be uncollectible based upon management's assessment of individual accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based upon the University's historical losses and periodic review of individual accounts.

Inventories

Inventories consist mainly of supplies and are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined principally on the weighted average method.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Land and buildings at the University's campus acquired or constructed prior to the creation of the State System on July 1, 1983, are owned by the Commonwealth and made available to the University. Since the University neither owns such assets nor is responsible to service associated bond indebtedness, no value is ascribed thereto in the accompanying financial statements. Likewise, no value is ascribed to the portion of any land or buildings acquired or constructed utilizing capital funds appropriated by the Commonwealth after June 30, 1983, and made available to the University.

Buildings, equipment, and furnishings acquired or constructed by the University after June 30, 1983, through the expenditure of University funds or the incurring of debt, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, calculated using the straight-line method. All individual assets with a purchase cost, or acquisition value if acquired by gift, in excess of \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of greater than one year are capitalized. All library books are capitalized on a composite basis in the year of purchase. Assets under right to use assets are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Buildings and improvements are depreciated over the useful lives ranging from 20 to 40 years. Equipment and furnishings are depreciated over useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years. Library books are depreciated over 10 years. Amortization of assets under leases is included in depreciation and amortization expense. Normal repair and maintenance expenditures are not capitalized because they neither add to the value of the property nor materially prolong useful life.

The University does not capitalize collections of art, rare books, historical items, etc., as they are held for public exhibition, education, or research rather than financial gain.

Impairment of Capital Assets

Management reviews capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of an asset has declined significantly and unexpectedly. Any write-downs due to impairment are charged to operations at the time impairment is identified. No write-downs of capital assets were required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The University routinely engages in lease agreements or subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) to meet operational needs. The University's lease contracts generally relate to land, buildings, and various equipment. For short-term leases and SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes periodic revenue or expense based on the provision of the lease contract or SBITA. For all other contracts where the University is the lessee, that meet the requirements of GASB 87 or GASB 96 and were in excess of the minimum dollar threshold, the University recognized a lease or subscription liability and an intangible right of use asset based on the present value of the future lease payments or subscription payments over the contracted term of the lease or SBITA. Lease and subscription right of use assets are reported with capital assets, and lease and subscription liabilities are reported as long-term debt in the statement of net position.

The right of use lease and subscription assets are amortized over the term of the lease or SBITA, as the University is not expected to lease assets beyond the underlying asset's useful life. The University also serves as a lessor for certain real estate. For those agreements in excess of twelve months, the financial statements recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, based on the present value of the future lease payments expected to be received during the contracted lease term period and the deferred inflow of resources is amortized evenly over the term of the lease. Lease receivables are reported with other current assets and other noncurrent assets. Deferred inflow – lease receivable is reported as deferred inflow in the statement of net position.

The University uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and SBITAs unless the rate the lessor charges is known. This rate is based on the general obligation bonds' weighted average interest rate for a given year. If amendments or other certain circumstances occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease or SBITA, the present value is remeasured, and corresponding adjustments made. Payments based on future performance are not included in the measurement of the lease or subscription liability or lease receivable but recognized as expense or revenue in the period performed. Residual value guarantees and exercise options will be included in the measurement if they are reasonably certain to be paid or exercised.

A minimum dollar threshold was established for lease reporting purposes of \$25,000.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts for tuition and fees, grants, corporate sponsorship payments, and certain auxiliary activities received prior to the end of the fiscal year but earned in a subsequent accounting period.

Compensated Absences

The estimated cost of future payouts of annual leave and sick leave that employees have earned for services rendered, and which the employees may be entitled to receive upon termination or retirement, is recorded as a liability.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pension Plans and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

Eligible employees of the State System enroll in one of three available pension plans immediately upon employment. The State System also offers healthcare and tuition benefits to eligible employees upon employment, which vary depending upon the employee's labor group.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) and Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from SERS and PSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SERS and PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System Plan, Retired Employees Health Program (REHP) and Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance) and additions to/deductions from the System Plan, REHP and Premium Assistance plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System Plan, REHP and Premium Assistance plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Income Taxes

The University, as a member of the State System, is tax-exempt; accordingly, no provisions for income taxes have been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources, reported after *Total Assets*, is defined by GASB as a consumption of net position that applies to future periods. The expense is recognized in the applicable future period(s). *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, reported after *Total Liabilities*, is defined by GASB as an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods. The revenue is recognized in the applicable future period(s).

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources only when specifically prescribed by GASB standards.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The University is required to report the following as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

- Deferred gain or loss on bond refunding, which results when the carrying value of a refunded bond is greater or less than its reacquisition price. The difference is deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the old bond or the life of the new bond, whichever is shorter.
- For defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans: the difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, the net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, changes in the University's proportion of expenses and liabilities of the pension and OPEB plans as a whole, differences between the University's pension and OPEB contributions and its proportionate share of contributions, and University pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the respective pension or OPEB plan valuation measurement date.
- For lessor accounting: a deferred inflow of resources associated with leases where the University is a lessor, recognized as income ratably over the term of the lease.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Derivative Instruments – Component Unit

The Foundation uses derivatives to manage risks related to interest rate movements. Interest rate swap contracts are reported at fair value. The unrealized gain or loss on the interest rate swap agreements is included as a change in net assets in the period of change. The Foundation's interest rate risk management strategy is to stabilize cash flow requirements by maintaining interest rate swap contracts to convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt.

NOTE 2 COMPONENT UNIT INFORMATION

The following represents combining condensed balance sheet information for the component units as of June 30, 2024:

ASSETS	C	ooperative	 Student Union	 Foundation	Residential evival Indiana	 Research Institute	 Alumni Association	 Total
Due from University Funds Held by Component Unit Investments Capital Assets, Net Other Assets	\$	430,511 - 296,408 23,920,934 5,806,532	\$ - - - 11,365	\$ 399,424 - 130,464,537 40,970,976 70,771,732	\$ - - - 83,015,878	\$ 145,348 - 955,128 - 5,567,090	\$ - 6,920,337 - -	\$ 975,283 6,920,337 131,716,073 64,891,910 165,172,597
Total Assets	\$	30,454,385	\$	\$ 242,606,669	\$ 83,015,878	\$ 6,667,566	\$ 6,920,337	\$ 369,676,200
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS								
LIABILITIES								
Due to University Funds Held for Component Unit Capital Leases Long-Term Debt, Net Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	147,103 - 1,099,973 17,975,000 <u>1,754,411</u> 20,976,487	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,616,180 6,920,337 - 103,795,740 <u>5,749,236</u> 118,081,493	\$ 1,569,753 - 68,957,742 - 70,527,495	\$ 1,289,690 - - 3,878,250 5,167,940	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 4,622,726 6,920,337 1,099,973 190,728,482 11,715,230 215,086,748
NET ASSETS Without Donor Restrictions With Donor Restrictions Total Net Assets		9,477,898 - 9,477,898	 11,365 - 11,365	 32,069,765 92,455,411 124,525,176	 12,488,383 - 12,488,383	 1,499,626 - 1,499,626	 6,587,004 - 6,587,004	 62,134,041 92,455,411 154,589,452
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	30,454,385	\$ 11,365	\$ 242,606,669	\$ 83,015,878	\$ 6,667,566	\$ 6,920,337	\$ 369,676,200

NOTE 2 COMPONENT UNIT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following represents combining revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets information for the component units for the year ended June 30, 2024:

							Residential				
			Student				Revival	Research		Alumni	
	C	Cooperative	 Union		Foundation	_	Indiana	 Institute	As	sociation	 Total
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT RESTRICTION											
Revenues and Other Additions:											
Sales andServices	\$	2,818,988	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$ 1,582,788	\$	211,380	\$ 4,613,156
Student Fees		8,319,367		-	-		-			-	8,319,367
Grants and Contracts		-		-	-		-	6,966,154		-	6,966,154
Rental Income, Net of Refunds		124,470		-	7,818,185		-	-		-	7,942,655
Investment Income		155,116		-	3,318,643		1,656,968	28,422		-	5,159,149
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on		-		-	1,459,142		-	78,031		701,694	2,238,867
Other Revenues and Gains		491,737		3	2,808,589		1,623	1,052		5,666	3,308,670
Contributions		-		-	1,191,284		-	-		2,400	1,193,684
Net Assets Released from		-		-	5,474,569	_	-	 -		-	 5,474,569
Total Revenues and											
Other Additions		11,909,678		3	22,070,412		1,658,591	8,656,447		921,140	45,216,271
Expenses and Losses:											
Program Services:											
Scholarships and Grants		250,000		-	4,114,752		-	-		-	4,364,752
Student Activities and Programs		5,069,263		-	-		-	-		-	5,069,263
University Stores		3,251,632		-	-		-	-		-	3,251,632
Housing		-		-	9,749,487		2,003,843	-		-	11,753,330
Other Programs		2,097,237		-	2,918,628		-	7,786,630		598,148	13,400,643
Management and General		461,114		-	875,149		-	508,213		308,864	2,153,340
Fundraising		-		-	1,689,508		-	-		-	1,689,508
Total Expenses		11,129,246		-	19,347,524		2,003,843	8,294,843		907,012	41,682,468
Investment Return, Net		-		-	(1,459,142))	-	-		-	(1,459,142)
Total Expenses and Losses		11,129,246		-	17,888,382		2,003,843	 8,294,843		907,012	 40,223,326
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT											
DONOR RESTRICTION		780,432		3	4,182,030		(345,252)	361,604		14,128	4,992,945

NOTE 2 COMPONENT UNIT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	С	ooperative	Student Union	Foundation	Residential Revival Indiana	Research Institute	Alumni Association	Total
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS								
Contributions	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,400,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,400,539
Investment Gain		-	-	7,852,292	-	-	-	7,852,292
Other Revenues and Gains (Losses) Net Assets Released From Restrictions		-	-	250,000 (5,474,569)	-	-	-	250,000
Net Assets Released From Restrictions			 -	 (5,474,569)	 -	 -	 	 (5,474,569)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS WITH				0.028.262				0.029.262
DONOR RESTRICTIONS			 	 9,028,262	 	 	 	 9,028,262
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		780,432	3	13,210,292	(345,252)	361,604	14,128	14,021,207
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		8,367,444	 341,384	 111,314,884	 12,833,635	 1,138,022	 6,572,876	 140,568,245
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	9,147,876	\$ 341,387	\$ 124,525,176	\$ 12,488,383	\$ 1,499,626	\$ 6,587,004	\$ 154,589,452

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The University predominantly maintains its cash balances on deposit with the State System which maintains these and other State System funds on a pooled basis. Although the State System pools its funds in a manner similar to an internal investment pool, individual State System entities do not hold title to any assets in the fund. The State System as a whole owns title to all assets. The University does not participate in the unrealized gains or losses on the investment pool; instead, the University holds shares equal to its cash balance. Each share has a constant value of \$1, and income is allocated based on the number of shares owned. Revenue realized at the State System level is calculated on a daily basis and posted monthly to each entity's account as interest income. The University's portion of pooled funds totals \$48,443,047 at June 30, 2024.

Board of Governors' Policy 1986-02-A, *Investment*, authorizes the State System to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, U.S. money market funds, municipal bonds, corporate bonds, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), asset backed securities, and internal loan funds. Restricted nonexpendable funds and amounts designated by the board or University trustees may be invested in the investments described above, as well as in corporate equities and approved pooled common funds. For purposes of convenience and expedience, the University uses local financial institutions for activities such as deposits of cash. In addition, the Universities may accept gifts of investments fall outside the scope of the investment itself. Restricted gifts of investments fall outside the scope of the investment policy.

In keeping with its legal status as a system of public universities, the State System recognizes a fiduciary responsibility to invest all funds prudently and in accordance with ethical and prevailing legal standards. Investment decisions are intended to minimize risk while maximizing asset value. Adequate liquidity is maintained so that assets can be held to maturity. High quality investments are preferred. Reasonable portfolio diversification is pursued to ensure that no single security or investment or class of securities or investments will have a disproportionate or significant impact on the total portfolio.

Investments may be made in U.S. dollar-denominated debt of high-quality U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. Investment performance is monitored on a frequent and regular basis to ensure that objectives are attained, and guidelines are followed.

Safety of principal and liquidity are the top priorities for the investment of the State System's operating funds. Within those guidelines, income optimization is pursued. Speculative investment activity is not allowed; this includes investing in asset classes such as commodities, futures, short-sales, equities, real or personal property, options, venture capital investments, private placements, letter stocks, and unlisted securities.

The State System's operating funds are invested and reinvested in the following types of instruments with qualifications as provided (see Board of Governors' Policy 1986-02-A, *Investment*, for a complete list of and more details on permissible investments and associated qualifications).

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Categories	Qualifications/Moody's Ratings Requirements						
U.S. Government Securities	Together with repurchase agreements must comprise						
0.0. Government Geodities	at least 20% of the market value of the fund.						
	Underlying collateral must be direct obligations of						
Repurchase Agreements	the United States Treasury and be in the State						
	System's or its agent's custody.						
	P-1 and P-2 notes only, with no more than 5% and						
Commercial Paper	3%, respectively, of the market value of the fund						
	invested in any single issuer. Total may not exceed						
	20% of the market value of the fund.						
	Bonds must carry long-term debt rating of A or better.						
Municipal Bonds	Total may not exceed 20% of the market value of						
	the fund.						
	15% must carry long-term debt rating of A or better;						
Corporate Bonds	5% may be rated Baa2 or better. Total may not						
	exceed 20% of the market value of the fund.						
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	Must be rated Aaa and guaranteed by U.S.						
(CMOs)	government. Total may not exceed 20% of the						
(CIVIOS)	market value of the fund.						
	Must be Aaa rated. Total may not exceed 20% of						
Asset-Backed Securities	the market value of the fund, with no more than 5%						
	invested in any single issuer.						
System Investment Fund Loans	Total may not exceed 20% of the market value of						
(University Loans and Bridge Notes)	the fund and loan terms may not exceed 5 years.						

CMO Risk

CMOs are sometimes based on cash flows from interest-only (IO) payments or principalonly (PO) payments and are sensitive to prepayment risks. The CMOs in the State System's portfolio do not have IO or PO structures; however, they are subject to extension or contraction risk based on movements in interest rates.

Moody's Rating

The State System and the University use ratings from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. to indicate the credit risk of investments, i.e., the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. An Aaa rating indicates the highest quality obligations with minimal credit risk. Ratings that begin with Aa indicate high quality obligations subject to very low credit risk; ratings that begin with A indicate upper-medium-grade obligations, subject to noderate credit risk, that may possess certain speculative characteristics. Moody's appends the rating with numerical modifiers 1, 2, and 3, with 1 indicating a higher ranking and 3 indicating a lower ranking within the category. For short-term obligations, and a rating of P-2 indicates that issuers have a strong ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Modified Duration

The State System denotes interest rate risk, or the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value of an investment, using modified duration. Duration is a measurement in years of how long it takes for the price of a bond to be repaid by its internal cash flows. Modified duration takes into account changing interest rates. The State System maintains a portfolio duration target of 1.8 years with an upper limit of 2.5 years for the intermediate-term component of the operating portion of the investment portfolio. The State System's duration targets are not applicable to its long-term investments.

Fair Value Hierarchy

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires that investments be classified according to a "fair value hierarchy." With respect to Statement No. 72's fair value hierarchy, GASB defines "inputs" as "the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk." Statement No. 72 further categorizes inputs as observable or unobservable: Observable inputs are "inputs that are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and which reflect the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability"; Unobservable inputs are "inputs for which market data are not available and that are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability."

Statement No. 72's fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three "levels":

Level 1 – Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market, such as stocks listed in the S&P 500 or NASDAQ. If an up-to-date price of the investment can be found on a major exchange, it is a Level 1 investment.

Level 2 – Investments whose values are based on their quoted prices in inactive markets or whose values are based on models, and the inputs to those models are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Investments that trade infrequently, and as a result do not have many reliable market prices. Valuations of Level 3 investments typically are based on management assumptions or expectations. For example, a private equity investment or complex derivative would likely be a Level 3 investment.

In addition, the fair value of certain investments that do not have a readily determinable fair value is classified as NAV, meaning Net Asset Value per share, when the fair value is calculated in a manner consistent with the FASB's measurement principles for investment companies.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Securities classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy lack an independent pricing source and so are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

Commonfund investments, held locally by the University, are valued based upon the unit values (NAV) of the funds held by the University at year-end. Unit values are based upon the underlying assets of the funds derived from inputs principally from or corroborated by observable market data, by correlation, or other means. Redemption restrictions for the Commonfund vary, depending upon the type of fund in which the University has invested, and are restricted to withdrawals only on a weekly basis or the last business day of the month. All withdrawals require five days' notice. Both the Multi-Strategy Equity Fund and the High Quality Bond Fund, held by the University, are restricted to withdrawals on the last day of business of the month. There are no unfunded commitments on these investments.

Multi-Strategy Equity Fund

The investment objective of the fund is to offer an investment program that will provide, in a single fund, all of the strategy and manager diversification that an endowment would normally require for its equity allocation. The fund seeks to add value over long periods of time, above the return of the U.S. equity market as measured by the S&P 500 index and, due to its strategy and manager diversification, to reduce volatility in comparison to that of investing in the index.

High Quality Bond Fund

The investment objective of the fund is to offer a program devoted to investing in high quality, investment-grade only, fixed income securities. The fund seeks to outperform its benchmark, the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index, over a full market cycle.

Detailed information regarding the fair value of the State System pooled deposits and investment portfolio is available in the financial statements of the State System, which can be found at www.passhe.edu.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of failure, the University would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Management believes they are not exposed to this credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The University does not have a formal investment policy for concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the University had the following investments which exceeded 5% of the University's total investments:

			Percentage of Total Long-Term
Issuer	Type of Investment	Amount	Investments
Common Fund	Multi-Strategy Equity Fund	\$ 6,161,830	60.61%
Common Fund	High Quality Bond Fund	4,005,049	39.39%
		\$ 10,166,879	_

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the University's demand and time deposits were \$1,319,302 as compared to bank balances of \$835,120. The difference is caused primarily by items in-transit and outstanding checks. All bank balances were covered by federal government depository insurance or uninsured and uncollateralized but covered under the collateralization provisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 72 of 1971 (Act 72), as amended. Act 72 allows banking institutions to satisfy the collateralization required by pooling eligible investments to cover total public funds on deposit in excess of federal insurance. Such pooled collateral is pledged with the financial institutions' trust departments.

The carrying value (fair value) of the University's local deposits and investments on June 30, 2024 is presented below:

	Fair Value Hierarchy Level	Moody's Rating (if Applicable)	Modified Duration (if Applicable)	Fair Value
Deposits:				
Demand and Time Deposits	N/A			\$ 1,319,302
Investments:				
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	NAV			4,005,049
Equity/Balanced Mutual Funds	NAV			 6,161,830
Total				\$ 11,486,181

Of all local investments noted above, the University has no exposure to foreign currency risk for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 4 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The University routinely leases various land or facilities to third parties and component units. The contracts, at times, may include variable payments that are not known or certain to be exercised at the time of the lease receivable valuation. These are recognized as income in the period that they occur. Lease receivables are discounted at a rate of 1.5% and expire at various dates through 2052.

NOTE 4 LEASE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The lease revenue and interest income for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following schedule.

	Th	ird Party	Com	oonent Unit
Lease Revenue	\$	114,582	\$	49,352
Interest Income		28,206		20,014
Total	\$	142,788	\$	69,366

The following summary provides aggregated information reported for June 30, 2024 lease receivables including additions and reductions for the year then ended.

	Beginning Balance uly 1, 2023	A	Additions	Re	tirements	Ending Balance ne 30, 2024
Lease Receivable - Third Parties Lease Receivable - Component Units Total	\$ 1,701,516 1,349,989 3,051,505	\$	101,895 - 101,895	\$	110,134 29,208 139,342	\$ 1,693,277 1,320,781 3,014,058

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2025	\$ 132,216	\$ 45,925	\$ 178,141
2026	118,283	43,533	161,816
2027	124,718	414,244	538,962
2028	127,135	38,793	165,928
2029	112,332	36,906	149,238
2030-2034	541,085	159,527	700,612
2035-2039	506,670	119,923	626,593
2040-2044	538,656	82,180	620,836
2045-2049	655,212	37,587	692,799
2050-2052	157,751	 3,141	 160,892
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 3,014,058	\$ 981,759	\$ 3,995,817

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The classification of capital assets and related depreciation at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

<u>-</u>	Estimated Lives (in Years)	 Beginning Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	 Transfers	Jı	Ending Balance une 30, 2024
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land Construction in Progress		\$ 7,540,798 5,268,345	\$ - 1,647,483	\$ -	\$ - (2,999,326)	\$	7,540,798 3,916,502
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		12,809,143	1,647,483	-	(2,999,326)		11,457,300
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized							
Buildings, including Improvements	40-20	421,142,686	2,386,697	(4,292,960)	2,999,326		422,235,749
Land Improvements	20	64,077,104	91,847	-	-		64,168,951
Furnishings and Equipment	3-10	46,163,161	2,447,542	(184,981)	-		48,425,722
Right of Use Assets	Varies 1-5	16,914,868	328,983	-	-		17,243,851
Subscription Assets	Varies 1-5	2,428,905	2,429,266	(480,170)	-		4,378,001
Library Books	10	 9,560,369	 23,577	(90,456)	 -		9,493,490
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized		560,287,093	7,707,912	(5,048,567)	2,999,326		565,945,764
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization							
Buildings, including Improvements		(175,415,126)	(13,262,910)	3,972,075	-		(184,705,961)
Land Improvements		(41,086,311)	(1,855,732)	-	-		(42,942,043)
Furnishings and Equipment		(41,530,668)	(1,575,042)	177,672	-		(42,928,038)
Right of Use Assets		(2,879,742)	(1,180,426)	-	-		(4,060,168)
Subscription Assets		(854,743)	(1,109,330)	480,170	-		(1,483,903)
Library Books		 (9,294,004)	 (60,940)	90,456	 -		(9,264,488)
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation and Amortization		 (271,060,594)	 (19,044,380)	4,720,373	 		(285,384,601)
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated and Amortized, Net		 289,226,499	 (11,336,468)	(328,194)	 2,999,326		280,561,163
Capital Assets, Net		\$ 302,035,642	\$ (9,688,985)	\$ (328,194)	\$ 	\$	292,018,463

NOTE 6 RIGHT TO USE LEASES, SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENTS AND FINANCED PURCHASES

The University routinely leases various facilities and equipment and enters into subscriptionbased information technology arrangements (SBITAs) instead of purchasing the assets. The contracts, at times, may include variable payments, residual value guarantees or termination penalties that are not known or certain to be exercised at the time of the lease or subscription liability valuation. These are recognized as expenses in the period that they occur. There were no variable payments, termination penalties or residual guarantee payments expensed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Leases that provide for the transfer of title to the University at the end of the lease term are accounted for as financed purchases. Interest expense recognized on these leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$3,859,283. Leases required fixed monthly payments, expire at various dates through 2054, and bear interest at rates ranging from 1.50%-13.1%.

The following schedule provides future minimum principal and interest payments to maturity for financed purchases and right of use leases.

		Financed	Pur	chases	Right of U with 3rd		 Right of L With Comp			Subscription Agreements				
	_	Principal	_	Interest	Principal	 Interest	Principal	_	Interest		Principal	_	Interest	
Fiscal Year Ending	_													
2025	\$	4,633,112	\$	3,739,990	\$ 256,385	\$ 34,824	\$ 765,787	\$	175,379	\$	1,143,401	\$	86,731	
2026		4,750,080		3,623,021	227,099	28,960	796,406		161,483		921,164		51,388	
2027		4,870,591		3,502,510	226,605	25,427	722,578		147,367		242,959		19,872	
2028		4,989,153		3,383,949	233,121	21,876	736,495		136,425		270,931		10,477	
2029		5,122,464		3,250,637	237,049	18,318	765,108		505,987		-		-	
2030 - 2034		27,667,668		14,197,839	1,092,123	35,688	4,282,741		169,448		-		-	
2035 - 2039		30,787,780		10,353,936	-	-	3,494,066		-		-		-	
2040 - 2044		17,903,813		6,823,835	-	-	-		-		-		-	
2045 - 2049		10,939,165		4,301,700	-	-	-		-		-		-	
2050 - 2054		13,559,303		1,681,562	 -	-	 -		-		-		-	
Total	\$	125,223,129	\$	54,858,979	\$ 2,272,382	\$ 165,093	\$ 11,563,181	\$	1,296,089	\$	2,578,455	\$	168,468	

The following summary provides aggregated information reported for June 30, 2024 financed purchase and right of use lease liabilities including additions, reductions and reported liabilities for the years then ended.

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2023	2023-2024 Additions	2023-2024 Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2024
Financed Purchases	\$ 129,736,947	\$-	\$ 4,513,818	\$ 125,223,129
3rd Party Leases	2,495,763	25,565	248,946	2,272,382
Component Unit Leases	12,006,163	303,418	746,400	11,563,181
Subscriptions	1,371,898	2,429,266	1,222,709	2,578,455
Total	\$ 145,610,771	\$ 2,758,249	\$ 6,731,873	\$ 141,637,147

NOTE 6 RIGHT TO USE LEASES, SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENTS AND FINANCED PURCHASES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit Leases

The Cooperative, a component unit who accounts for leases under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Standards, has entered into lease agreements for the financing of buildings, building improvements, and equipment. Future annual minimum payments in the aggregate under noncancelable leases are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount
2025	\$ 463,947
2026	408,886
2027	207,332
2028	 207,332
Total Minimum Lease Payments	 1,287,497
Less: Amount Representing	
Interest on Leases	 187,524
Present Value of Net Minimum	
Lease Payments	\$ 1,099,973

NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The University's bonds payable consist of tax-exempt revenue bond series issued by the State System through the Pennsylvania Higher Educational Facilities Authority (PHEFA). In connection with the bond issuances, the State System entered into a loan agreement with PHEFA under which the State System has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment of the bonds. The loan constitutes an unsecured general obligation of the State System. The State System's board of governors has allocated portions of certain bond issuances to the University to undertake various capital projects or to advance refund certain previously issued bonds. The University is responsible for the repayment of principal and interest on its applicable portion of each obligation.

NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Activity for the various bond series for the year-end June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Weighted				
	Average	Balance	Bonds	Bonds	Balance
	Interest Rate	July 1, 2023	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2024
Series AO Issued in July					
2013 for Various Projects	-	\$ 11,125,000	\$ -	\$ (11,125,000)	\$-
Series AP Issued in May					
2014 for Various Projects	-	90,060	-	(90,060)	-
Series AQ issued in May					
2015 for Various Projects	4.06%	436,271	-	(212,842)	223,429
Series AS issued in June					
2016 for Various Projects	4.07%	384,155	-	(89,103)	295,052
Series AT issued in September					
2016 for Various Projects	3.47%	13,540,000	-	(880,000)	12,660,000
Series AU-1 Issued In September					
2017 for Various Projects	3.42%	3,615,938	-	(254,188)	3,361,750
Series AU-2 Issued In September					
2017 for Various Projects	3.42%	1,309,794	-	(236,822)	1,072,972
Series AV-1 Issued In September					
2018 for Various Projects	4.10%	195,054	-	(162,470)	32,584
Series AY Issued In October					
2020 for Various Projects	1.72%	4,101,399		(490,151)	3,611,248
Total Bonds Payable		\$ 34,797,671	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (13,540,636)	21,257,035
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium					292,232
Less: Unamortized Bond Discount					(31,791)
Outstanding at End of Year					21,517,476
Less: Current Portion					2,330,050
Bonds Payable, Net of					
Current Portion					\$ 19,187,426

NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Principal and interest maturities for each of the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods ending June 30 are as follows:

		 2025	2	2026		2027		2028		2029	20	30-2034	20	35-203	9		Total
Series	;																
AQ	Principal	\$ 223,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	223,429
	Interest	 11,171		-	_	-	_	-		-		-			-		11,171
	Total	 234,600		-		-		-		-		-			-		234,600
AS	Principal	93,570		98,272		103,210		-		-		-			-		295,052
	Interest	14,753		10,074		5,160		-		-		-			-		29,987
	Total	108,323		108,346		108,370		-		-		-			-		325,039
AT	Principal	900,000	9	920,000		945,000		975,000	1,	,000,000	5	,480,000	2	,440,00	00	1:	2,660,000
	Interest	379,585		357,085		332,935		306,948		278,916		917,856		117,76	60	:	2,691,085
	Total	1,279,585	1,5	277,085		1,277,935	1	,281,948	1,	278,916	6	,397,856	2	,557,76	60	1	5,351,085
AU-1	Principal	265,687	:	278,750		293,563		306,625		321,437	1	,365,438		530,25	50	;	3,361,750
	Interest	127,450		114,166		100,228		85,550		73,285		191,395		32,81	13		724,887
	Total	393,137	:	392,916		393,791		392,175		394,722	1	,556,833		563,06	63	4	4,086,637
AU-2	Principal	249,041	:	261,261		274,644		288,026		-		-			-		1,072,972
	Interest	53,649		41,196		28,134		14,401		-		-			-		137,380
	Total	302,690	:	302,457		302,778		302,427		-		-			-		1,210,352
AV-1	Principal	32,584		-		-		-		-		-			-		32,584
	Interest	1,629		-		-		-		-		-			-		1,629
	Total	34,213		-		-		-		-		-			-		34,213
AY	Principal	494,117	4	499,784		506,583		513,950		523,016	1	,073,798			-	;	3,611,248
	Interest	59,688		54,129		47,257		39,658		31,307		33,677			-		265,716
	Total	 553,805		553,913	_	553,840		553,608		554,323	1	,107,475			-	:	3,876,964
Total	Principal	2,258,428	2.0	058,067		2,123,000	2	.083,601	1.	844,453	7	,919,236	2	.970.25	50	2	1,257,035
	Interest	647,925	,	576,650		513,714		446,557		383,508		,142,928		150,57			3,861,855
	Total	\$ 2,906,353		634,717	\$	2,636,714	\$2	,530,158		227,961		,062,164	\$3	,120,82			5,118,890

On July 15, 2023, the University redeemed \$11,125,000 principal amount of the Series AO-2 revenue bonds originally issued in July 2013 by PHEFA. The early redemption was performed to reduce debt service by approximately \$3,300,000 and resulted in a recognized gain on early redemption of \$27,550.

The University participates in the State System's Academic Facilities Renovation Bond Program (AFRP), which was established for the purpose of renovating the academic facilities across the State System. In the past, the State System issued bonds to provide a pool for funding for AFRP (\$1,788,812 was outstanding as of June 30, 2024). Repayments to the pool are made annually based on the University's proportionate share of the total allocation of funds under the program. Changes in the balance owed by the University to the AFRP pool of funding were as follows:

	В	eginning				E	Ending				
		В	alance	(Current						
	Ju	y 1, 2023	Ac	ditions	Re	etirements	June	930, 2024	Portion		
PASSHE Bond - AFRP	\$	394,985	\$	-	\$	(112,289)	\$	282,696	\$	89,555	

The University is informed by the State System each year of their amortization for the next year. Amortization beyond the current portion is not available.

NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Component Units Long-Term Debt

The Foundation, RR Indiana, and Cooperative component units, have entered into long-term debt agreements for the financing of buildings and building improvements, primarily for student housing.

Future minimum payments by year and in the aggregate as originally scheduled in the debt agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2025	\$ 8,328,062	\$ 6,936,309	\$ 15,264,371
2026	8,634,337	6,627,828	15,262,165
2027	8,947,521	6,306,839	15,254,360
2028	9,277,658	5,973,089	15,250,747
2029	9,614,794	5,623,332	15,238,126
Thereafter	146,225,664	 47,991,607	 194,217,271
Total	191,028,036	\$ 79,459,004	\$ 270,487,040
Plus Unamortized Bond Premium	220,740		
Less: Unamortized Bond Issue Costs	(520,294)		
Total	\$ 190,728,482		

The Foundation must maintain a debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.20 to 1.00 on the Series A 2007 Revenue Bonds. The Foundation was in technical default with the covenant as of June 30, 2024. A default results in the 2007 Series A Revenue Bonds being currently due to the holders of the bonds. The holders of the bonds may demand repayment of the loans; however, no such demand has been made.

Due to the debt agreement violations, the Foundation's Phase II Bond debt is considered to be currently due as of June 30, 2024 because payment in full could be required under the Bond documents. The Bond is non-recourse debt with respect to the Foundation, the collateral for such debt being limited to, among other things, gross revenues from the Phase II student housing facilities (Student Housing), and the following collateral related to the Student Housing: receivables, furnishings, related equipment, and related real and personal property rights.

Absent a significant change in circumstances associated with the Student Housing and the Bonds, should demand for payment in full for the Phase II bonds be made and if project reserves/revenues are insufficient, the trustees for the bondholders could exercise the respective rights under the applicable Bond documents, which could include among other things, foreclosure. No adjustments have been made for the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE 8 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in the compensated absences liability in fiscal year 2024 is as follows:

Balance - July 1 Current Changes in Estimate Payouts	\$ 14,425,939 1,759,681 (1,296,235)
Balance - June 30	\$ 14,889,385
Current	\$ 1,296,229
Noncurrent	 13,593,156
Balance - June 30	\$ 14,889,385

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are benefits, such as healthcare benefits, that are paid in the period after employment and that are provided separately from a pension plan. OPEB does not include termination benefits or termination payments for sick leave.

University employees who retire after meeting specified service and age requirements are eligible to receive healthcare and tuition benefits in retirement. Employee members of the Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF), the State College and University Professional Association (SCUPA), Security Police and Fire Professionals of America (SPFPA), Office and Professional Employees International Union (OPEIU), and nonrepresented employees participate in a defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the State System (System Plan). Employee members of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME), Pennsylvania Doctors Alliance (PDA), and Pennsylvania Social Services Union (PSSU) participate in the Retired Employees Health Program (REHP), which is a defined benefit healthcare plan sponsored by the Commonwealth and administered by the Pennsylvania Employee Benefits Trust Fund (PEBTF). In addition to the above, any employee who participates in the Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) pension plan is eligible to receive benefits from the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance), a defined benefit plan, and all eligible retirees and their eligible dependents receive tuition waivers at any of the 10 State System universities.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Following is the total of the University's OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and the OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Net OPEB Liabilities	\$ System Plan 100,466,037	\$ REHP 23,825,533	Prem \$	ium Assistance 422,088	\$ Total 124,713,658
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected	\$ -	\$ 909,209	\$	2,818	\$ 912,027
and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments Change in Assumptions Changes in Proportion	- 7,190,052 -	23,364 1,661,336 -		897 36,508 15,628	24,261 8,887,896 15,628
Contributions after the Measurement Date Total Deferred Outflows	 3,256,004	 1,748,825		24,446	 5,029,275
of Resources	\$ 10,446,056	\$ 4,342,734	\$	80,297	\$ 14,869,087
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions Changes in Proportion	\$ 18,170,919 27,039,900 -	\$ 7,211,463 6,293,960 13,714,495	\$	4,227 79,806 16,525	\$ 25,386,609 33,413,666 13,731,020
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 45,210,819	\$ 27,219,918	\$	100,558	\$ 72,531,295
OPEB Expense	\$ (2,629,361)	\$ (9,903,857)	\$	20,703	\$ (12,512,515)
Contributions Recognized by OPEB Plans	\$ 3,256,004	\$ 1,748,825	\$	24,446	\$ 5.029.275

The University will recognize the deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions after the measurement date, totaling \$3,256,004 for the System Plan, \$1,748,825 for the REHP plan, and \$24,446 for the PSERS OPEB plan, as reductions of the respective net OPEB liabilities in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows.

		Amortization				
	System		Premium			
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Plan	REHP	Assistance			
2025	\$ (9,182,270)	\$ (7,644,473)	\$ (7,302)			
2026	(10,983,014)	(5,636,507)	(10,120)			
2027	(9,021,973)	(5,503,499)	(13,963)			
2028	(9,021,973)	(3,835,992)	(14,347)			
2029	188,463	(2,005,538)	1,025			
Totals	\$ (38,020,767)	\$ (24,626,009)	\$ (44,707)			

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

System Plan

Plan Description

The System Plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the System Office. Act 188 empowers the board to establish and amend benefit provisions and to require the System Office to pay OPEB as the benefits come due. The System Office discretely accounts for and accumulates all System Plan contributions that have been collected from the universities (employer) and retirees, but not yet been paid to the provider; however, the System Plan has no assets accumulated in a trust in which the employer contributions are irrevocable, are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members, or are legally protected from creditors.

The System Plan provides eligible retirees and their eligible dependents with healthcare benefits, including hospital, medical/surgical, prescription drugs, and major medical coverage, as well as a Medicare supplement for individuals over age 65. Retirees receive varying coverages based on the benefits in effect when they retired, and benefits may continue for the retiree's lifetime. Spouse benefits cease upon the retiree's death, but the surviving spouse may continue coverage at full cost. Nonspouse dependents may be covered until age 19 or until age 25 if a certified full-time student. SCUPA, SPFPA, OPEIU, and nonrepresented employees whose retirement date is on or after January 1, 2016, and APSCUF employees whose retirement date is on or after July 1, 2017, receive the same pre-Medicare benefits as active employees, with benefits changing as active employee benefits change. All other pre-Medicare retirees continue to receive the same benefits to which they were entitled at retirement.

A total of 11,307 individuals are covered by the benefit terms (down from 11,872 in the prior year), including 5,817 active employees that may be entitled to receive benefit payments upon retirement, 314 retired participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and 5,176 retired participants receiving benefits. Effective January 16, 2016, the State System OPEB plan became closed to newly hired SCUPA, SPFPA, OPEIU, and nonrepresented employees, while newly hired APSCUF employees (faculty and coaches) continue to be eligible to participate in the plan.

Funding Policy

Plan members receiving benefits contribute at various rates, depending upon when they retire, whether they are eligible for Medicare, the contribution rate in effect on the day of their retirement or the contribution rate for active employees, and applicable collective bargaining agreements.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

Following are the contribution rates of eligible plan members receiving benefits as of June 30, 2024:

- Plan members who retired prior to July 1, 2005, are not required to make contributions.
- Plan members, with the exception of nonfaculty coaches, who retired on or after July 1, 2005, and prior to July 1, 2008, and who are under age 65, pay the same dollar amount they paid as active employees on the day of retirement. When these plan members become eligible for Medicare, they pay 18% of the current cost of their Medicare coverage and current cost of coverage for covered dependents. The rate changes annually, and future adjustments will apply if contributions increase for active employees.
- Plan members, with the exception of nonfaculty coaches, who retire on or after July 1, 2008, pay 18% of the plan premium in effect for active employees on their retirement date. Future adjustments will apply if contributions increase for active employees.
- Nonfaculty coaches who retired on or after July 1, 2005, pay 3.0% of their final annual gross salary at the time of retirement.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The System performs actuarial valuations every two years for the System Plan and utilizes a measurement date that is the first day of its current fiscal year-end. The actuarial valuation on which the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 is based is dated July 1, 2022, which is the measurement date. The total OPEB liability was measured using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% in 2023, with 0.5% decrease per year until 5.5% in 2026 to 4.1% in 2075 and later, based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Annual salary increase of 4%.
- 90% of employees eligible for a subsidy and 15% of employees not eligible for a subsidy are assumed to elect coverage. 2% of vested former members are assumed to return to coverage each year upon reaching age 45.
- The per capita claims cost for medical and prescription drugs is based on the expected portion of the group's overall cost attributed to individuals in specified age and gender brackets.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

- Retiree premium cost sharing for retired participants covered under "Other Less Subsidized Health Coverage" is assumed to remain at 18% and increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Otherwise, retiree premium cost sharing is not assumed to increase after retirement.
- APSCUF Mortality rates based on the PubG-2010 Above Median Income Mortality Table, including rated for disabled retirees and contingent survivors. All other groups mortality rates based on the PubG-2010 Above Median Income Mortality Table, including rates for disabled retirees and contingent survivors. Both incorporates rates based on a generational projection using Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.
- The discount rate increased from 4.06% to 4.13%, based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2023.
- Participant data is based on census information as of July 1, 2022.
- Rates of withdrawal vary by age and years of service.
- Costs have been loaded by 0.5% to account for tuition waiver benefits, which are offered to all eligible retirees, regardless of employee bargaining unit when active, and including those not represented when active, who meet years of service and/or age criteria.

The following presents the System Plan's net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 3.1%) or one percentage point higher (8.0% decreasing to 5.1%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (7.0% decreasing to 4.1%).

,	,	•	5				
Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate							
	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost	1% Increase				
	(6.0% Decreasing	Trend Rates 7.0%	(8.0% Decreasing				
to 3.1%) Decreasing to 4.1% to 5.1							
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 84,590,079	\$ 100,466,037	\$ 120,587,328				

Sensitivity of the System Plan's Proportionate Share of the University's

The follow presents the University's net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13%) or one percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current discount rate (4.13%).

Sensitivity of the System Plan's Proportionate Share of the University's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net OPED Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate							
	1% Decrease Current Rate						
	3.13%	4.13%		5.13%			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 115,258,309	\$ 100,466,037	\$	88,361,425			

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

University OPEB Liability

The University's portion of the System Plan's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 of \$100,466,037 was measured and determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Changes in the System Plan Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability – Beginning Balance	\$ 93,991,010
Service Cost	2,643,206
Interest	3,837,606
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions	1,099,334
Benefit Payments	 (1,105,119)
Net Changes	 6,475,027
Total OPEB Liability—Ending Balance	\$ 100,466,037
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 55,235,185
OPEB Liability as a Percent of Covered Payroll	181.89%

REHP

Plan Description

The Retired Employees Health Program (REHP) is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan that includes Commonwealth agencies and some component units. The REHP is established as a trust equivalent arrangement. The REHP is administered by the Pennsylvania Employees Benefit Trust Fund (PEBTF), which acts as a third-party administrator under an agreement with the Commonwealth. The REHP is provided as part of collective bargaining agreements with most Commonwealth labor unions. All policy decisions and types and levels of benefits for the REHP fall under the purview of the Commonwealth's Executive Board and the Secretary of Administration. The REHP does not have a governing board. The REHP neither issues a stand-alone financial report nor is it included in the report of a public employee retirement system or other entity but is reported in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust. The REHP is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The CAFR is an audited financial statement and is available at www.budget.pa.us.

The REHP provides eligible retirees and their eligible dependents with subsidized healthcare for the retiree's lifetime. Benefits include healthcare, including hospital, medical/surgical, prescription drugs, and major medical coverage, as well as a Medicare supplement for individuals over age 65. Retirees receive varying coverages based on the plan they choose. Spouse benefits cease upon the retiree's death, but the surviving spouse may continue coverage at full cost. Nonspouse dependents may be covered until age 26.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Funding Policy

Plan members receiving benefits contribute at various rates, depending upon when they retire, whether they are eligible for Medicare, and their salary at retirement. Following are the contribution rates of eligible plan members receiving benefits as of June 30, 2024.

- Plan members who retired prior to July 1, 2005, are not required to make contributions.
- Plan members who retired on or after July 1, 2005, and prior to July 1, 2007, pay 1% of their final annual salary.
- Plan members who retired on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to July 1, 2011, pay 3% of either final gross annual base salary or final average salary, whichever is less. Members eligible for Medicare pay 1.5% of either final gross annual base salary or final average salary, whichever is less.
- Plan members who retire on or after July 1, 2011, pay 3% of final average salary. Members eligible for Medicare pay 1.5% of final gross annual base salary.

Employer contribution requirements are established by the Commonwealth as provided by pertinent statutory authority. With the exception of certain employing agencies, employers contributed to the REHP Trust a retiree health assessment rate of \$275 per pay period for each current REHP eligible active employee during the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The State System records its REHP pension liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year-end. The Commonwealth's State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) performs experience studies periodically to determine reasonable and appropriate economic and demographic assumptions for purposes of valuing the defined benefit pension plan. The most recent SERS experience study covered the years 2015 through 2019 and was presented to the SERS Board in July 2020. The approved recommendations from that study were used to determine the assumptions in the REHP annual valuations, where applicable. The inflation assumption was selected by the SERS Board during a July 2020 meeting based on a review of actual plan experience and the prevalent economic outlook.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal, which requires an estimate of the projected benefit payable at retirement to determine costs and liabilities.
- Inflation of 2.50%.
- Healthcare cost trend rate of 8.9%, with rates gradually decreasing to 3.9% in 2075 and later, based on the SOA-Getzen trend rate model version 2023_1f for the December 31, 2021 measurement date
- Average salary growth of 2.50% per year and an assumed 2.80% payroll growth rate.
- Projected benefits based on estimates of future years of service and projected health benefit costs.
- Mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021.
- Participant data based on census information as of December 31, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, measurement date.

The following assumptions were made with regard to the discount rate:

- Discount rate of 5.65% as of June 30, 2023.
- The discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on assets held in the OPEB investment pool (6.75%) and a municipal bond rate of 3.65% based on the 20-year Bond Buyer GO Index as of the end of June 2023.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on REHP plan investments is determined using a risk premium review. This review compares the current relationship between fixed income and equity and their relationship over long periods of time to come up with an expected rate of return. Other variables considered in the expected rates of return are a reversion to the mean for each asset class. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

Long Torm

	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	42.0%	5.1%
International Equity	22.0%	5.5%
Fixed Income	22.0%	1.8%
Public REITs	4.0%	0.0%
Infastructure	4.0%	5.0%
Real Estate	4.0%	4.8%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.0%	1.0%
Private Equity	1.0%	8.4%
Total	100.0%	

The Commonwealth calculated an allocated share of the REHP OPEB liability for each participating employer based upon their actual contributions made to the REHP. The State System's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 3.0292% for the measurement date of June 30, 2023, and 3.6478% for the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The following presents the University's share of the REHP net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (7.9% decreasing to 2.9%) or one percentage point higher (9.9% decreasing to 4.9%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (8.9% decreasing to 3.9%).

Sensitivity of the REHP Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate						
1% Decrease Healthcare Cost 1% Increase						
	(7.9% Decreasing Trend Rates 8.9% (9.9% Decreasing					
to 2.9%) Decreasing to 3.9% to 4.9%)						
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 20,754,211	\$ 23,825,533	\$ 27,534,081			

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The following presents the University's share of the REHP net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.65%) or one percentage point higher (6.65%) than the current discount rate (5.65%).

Sensitivity of the REHP Net OPEB						
Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate						
1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increase						
	4.65% 5.65% 6.65%					
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 26,782,256	\$ 23,825,533	\$	21,303,134		

The assets of the REHP are managed by the Commonwealth's Treasury in an investment pool. The REHP investments are made based upon an interagency agreement, dated June 17, 2008, and the prudent investor standard set forth in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's amendment to fiscal code 72 P.S. §30.1, the principles of Prudent Investors Standards.

Premium Assistance

Plan Description

The Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance) is a governmental cost sharing, multiemployer OPEB plan administered by the administrative staff of PSERS. The members eligible to participate in the program include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. The control and management of PSERS, including the investment of its assets, is vested in the board of trustees (PSERS Board). The Commonwealth's General Assembly has the authority to amend the benefit terms of PSERS by passing bills in the Senate and House of Representatives and sending them to the Governor for approval. Additional plan information can be found in the PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.psers.pa.gov.

Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees. Plan members receiving benefits are not required to make contributions.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Funding Policy

Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. The contribution policy is governed by applicable provisions of the Retirement Code. The contractually required employer contribution rate was 0.75% of covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and 0.80% of covered payroll for the fiscal year end June 30, 2022. Per §8327 of the Code, the Commonwealth is required to contribute 50% of the contribution rate directly to PSERS on behalf of the State System, meaning that the amount that the State System actually contributed was 0.375% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The State System records its PSERS OPEB liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year-end. The total OPEB liability, as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation Date June 30, 2022.
- Actuarial cost method was entry age normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return of 4.13% based on the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Effective average salary growth of 4.5%, comprising 2.50% for inflation and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit and seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement benefits capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Eligible retirees pre-age 65 are assumed to participate at 50%, while eligible retirees post-age 65 are assumed to participate at 70%.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023.
- Cost method was developed using the amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method was market value.
- Participation rate assumed that 63% of eligible retirees will elect premium assistance.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The following assumptions were made with regard to the discount rate:

- The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13% at June 30, 2023, and 4.09% at June 20, 2022.
- Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date.
- The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments; therefore, the plan is considered to be a pay-as-you-go plan. A discount rate of 4.13%, which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2023, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.
- Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The OPEB plan's policy with regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Following is the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as of June 30, 2023.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	100.0%	1.2%
Total	100.0%	

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023. An employer's proportion is calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as a percentage of total one-year reported covered payroll. The State System's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.1821% and 0.1780% for the measurement dates of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The following presents the University's share of the Premium Assistance net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (between 4.0% and 6.0%) or one percentage point higher (between 6.0% and 8.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (between 5.0% and 7.0%).

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate							
	1% Decrease Healthcare Cost 1% Increase						
	Trend Rates Between Trend Rates Between Trend Rates Betweer					Rates Between	
	4% and 6.0% 5% and 7.0% 6% and 8.0%						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	421,961	\$	422,088	\$	422,089	

The following presents the University's share of the Premium Assistance net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13%) or one percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (4.13%).

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB

Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate							
	1%	Decrease	Cu	rrent Rate	19	6 Increase	
		3.13%		4.13%	5.13%		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	477,172	\$	422,088	\$	375,845	

Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS, and additions to and deductions from PSERS' fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Additional plan information can be found in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS

Employees of the University enroll in one of three available retirement plans immediately upon employment: the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), the Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), or the Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP).

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The following is the total of the University's pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and the pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

	 SERS	PSERS	ARP	Total
Net Pension Liabilities	\$ 98,262,065	\$ 10,513,541	\$ -	\$ 108,775,606
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 2,774,313	\$ 2,320	\$ -	\$ 2,776,633
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings and Pension Plan Investments	7,720,360	297,412	-	8,017,772
Changes in Assumptions	4,234,621	156,824	-	4,391,445
Difference Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	367,063	(10,602)	-	356,461
Changes in Proportion	-	229,373	-	229,373
Contributions After the Measurement Date Total Deferred Outflows	 6,419,633	 1,272,452	 	 7,692,085
of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$ 21,515,990	\$ 1,947,779	\$ -	\$ 23,463,769
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 199,704	\$ 143,939	\$ -	\$ 343,643
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings and Pension Plan Investments	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	58,684	-	-	58,684
Changes in Proportion	 5,765,130	 122,547	 -	 5,887,677
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 6.023.518	\$ 266,486	\$ 	\$ 6,290,004
Pension Expense	\$ 6,687,828	\$ 1,741,089	\$ 4,246,979	\$ 12,675,896
Contributions Recognized by Pension Plans	\$ 11,243,319	\$ 1,272,452	\$ 	\$ 12,515,771

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The University will recognize the \$6,419,633 reported as SERS deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date, and the \$1,272,452 reported as PSERS deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date, as reductions of the respective net pension liabilities in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Amortization							
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		SERS		PSERS				
2025	\$	1,428,753	\$	66,927				
2026		2,637,026		(124,380)				
2027		6,524,060		374,103				
2028		(1,528,902)		92,191				
2029		11,902		-				
Totals	\$	9,072,839	\$	408,841				

<u>SERS</u>

Plan Description

SERS is the administrator of the State Employees' Retirement fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS also is the administrator of the State Employees' Defined Contribution Plan, which was established as part of Commonwealth Act 2017-5. Both the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan were established by the Commonwealth to provide retirement benefits for employees of state government and certain independent agencies. SERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's financial report as a pension trust fund. SERS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained from the SERS website at www.sers.state.pa.us.

Membership in SERS is mandatory for most state employees. Members and employees of the General Assembly, certain elected or appointed officials in the executive branch, department heads, and certain employees in the field of education are not required, but are given the option, to participate.

Benefits Provided

SERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Article II of the Commonwealth's Constitution assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the General Assembly. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) are provided ad hoc at the discretion of the General Assembly.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2011, and retire at age 60 with three years of service, or with 35 years of service if under age 60, are entitled to a normal annual retirement benefit; members of the General Assembly and certain employees classified in hazardous duty positions can retire with full benefits at age 50 with at least three years of service. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserved all benefits in place for members but mandated a number of benefit reductions for new members effective January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2018.

The benefit reduction included a new class of membership that accrues benefits at 2% of members' final average salary instead of the previous 2.5%. The vesting period changed from 5 to 10 years of credited service, and the option to withdraw lump-sum accumulated deductions was eliminated. The new normal retirement age is 65 for most employees and 55 for members of the General Assembly and certain employees classified in hazardous duty positions. Act 2017-5 preserved all benefits in place for members, but fundamentally changed retirement options for new hires beginning January 1, 2019: most employees who first become SERS members on or after January 1, 2019, must choose from one of two new defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid options or a straight 401(a) defined contribution option.

According to the State Employees' Retirement Code (SERC), all obligations of SERS will be assumed by the Commonwealth should SERS terminate.

Contributions

The contribution rate for both active members and the State System depends upon when the active member was hired and what benefits class was selected. Section 5507 of the SERC (71 Pa. C.S. §5507) requires the Commonwealth and other employers whose employees are SERS members to make contributions to the fund on behalf of all active members and annuitants necessary to fund the liabilities and provide the annuity reserves required to pay benefits. SERS funding policy, as set by the SERS Board, provides for periodic active member contributions at statutory rates. The SERS funding policy also provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates based on SERS' funding valuation, expressed as a percentage of annual retirement covered payroll, such that the employer contributions, along with employee contributions and an actuarially determined rate of investment return, are adequate to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. Act 2017-5 includes a savings "plow-back" provision requiring that the annual savings achieved through SERS benefit changes flow back into the Defined Benefit Plan through the employer contributions rate rather than to other nonpension obligations.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

For the SERS defined benefit plan, the State System's actuarially determined contribution rate for most active members was 41.09% of active members' annual covered payroll at June 30, 2024, with less common rates ranging between 27.60% and 32.24%, depending upon the defined benefit plan chosen by the employee. For the SERS defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plan, the State System's actuarially determined contribution rate was either 17.4% or 17.65% of annual covered payroll, depending upon the hybrid plan chosen by the employee. In addition, the State System was required to contribute to the defined benefit plan 16.10% of the annual covered payroll of employees who selected the straight 401(a) defined contribution plan.

The University's contribution to SERS for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$11,243,319, equal to the required contractual contribution.

Contribution rates of most active members who participate in the SERS defined benefit plan was 6.25% of gross salary, with less common rates ranging between 5% and 9.3% of salary, depending upon when the member was hired and what class of membership was elected. Defined benefit contribution rates for active members who participate in the defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plan was either 3.25% or 3.50% of gross salary, depending upon what class of membership was elected. The contribution plan was 7.5% of gross salary.

For the SERS defined contribution plan, the University contributed actuarially determined rates of between 2.0% and 3.5% of active members' annual covered payroll at June 30, 2023, depending on the plan chosen by the employee. The University recognized SERS defined contribution pension expense of \$72,510 for the year June 30, 2024. The vesting period for employer contributions to the defined contribution plan, both for members who participate in the straight 410(a) defined contribution plan and those who participate in one of the defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plans, is three years. Once money is contributed to the plan, it cannot be removed from the plan, except for making distribution payments to participants. Forfeitures of unvested employer contributions and earnings are invested in the PA Treasury short-term investment fund. The funds are forfeited to the employee's most recent employer and used to offset future contributions to the plan and correct funding discrepancies. Forfeitures seized under the Pension Forfeiture Act are used for administrative expenses of the plan.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually using a December 31 measurement date. Every five years, SERS is required to conduct an actuarial experience study to determine whether the assumptions used in its annual actuarial valuations remain accurate based on current and anticipated demographic trends and economic conditions. The 19th Investigation of Actuarial Experience study for the period 2015–2019 was released in July 2020. The actuary, under oversight of the SERS Board, reviewed economic assumptions (such as the assumed future investment returns and salary increases) as well as demographic assumptions (such as employee turnover, retirement, disability, and death rates).

Some assumption adjustments increased projected cost and some decreased it, but the overall result was a slight increase to the net pension liability. The SERS Board adopted the actuarial assumptions set forth in the *19th Investigation of Actuarial Experience* at its September 2020 meeting. In addition, SERS reviews its investment return assumption in light of economic conditions every year. At its June 2024 meeting, the SERS Board approved maintaining in the assumed investment rate of return at 6.875%. The next SERS actuarial experience review will occur in summer 2025 and will be used for its 2025 annual valuation.

The following methods and assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation for the December 31, 2023, measurement date.

- Entry age actuarial cost method.
- Straight-line amortization of investments over five years and amortization of assumption changes and noninvestment gains/losses over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided benefits.
- Inflation of 2.50%.
- Investment return of 6.875%, net of manager fees and including inflation.
- Salary increases based on an average of 4.55%, with a range of 3.30% to 6.95%, including inflation.
- Asset valuation using fair (market) value.
- Mortality rates based on the projected PubG-2010 and PubNS-2010 Mortality Tables, adjusted for actual plan experience and future improvement.
- No cost-of-living adjustments.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of manager fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in SERS' current and target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Private Equity	16.0%	6.00%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.80%
U.S. Equity	31.0%	4.86%
International Developed Equity	14.0%	4.75%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	4.95%
Fixed Income	22.0%	1.75%
Inflation Protection (TIPS)	3.0%	1.50%
Cash	2.0%	0.25%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total SERS pension liability was 6.875%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the rates applicable for each member and that employer contributions will be made based on rates determined by the actuary and as set by statute. Based on those assumptions, SERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current SERS members. The long-term expected rate of return on SERS' investments, therefore, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the SERS net pension liability at June 30, 2024, calculated using discount rate of 6.875% for 2024, as well as what the SERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.875%) or one percentage point higher (7.875%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of								
the SERS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate								
(in thousands)								
	1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increas					Increase		
	5.875% 6.875% 7.875%							
Net Pension Liability	\$	188,088	\$	98,262	\$	66,251		

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of
the SERS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized as the University's proportionate share of the SERS net pension liability, measure at December 31, 2023 was \$98,262,066. The allocation percentage assigned to each participating employer is based on a projected-contribution method. For the allocation of the December 2023 amounts, this methodology applies the most recently calculated contribution rates for fiscal year 2024/25 from the December 31, 2023 funding valuation to the expected funding payroll. At December 31, 2023, measurement date, the State System's proportion was 4.0628%, a decrease of .0876% from its proportion calculated as of December 31, 2022, measurement date.

PSERS

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania.

The Public-School Employees' Retirement Code (Act No. 96 of October 2, 1975, as amended) (24 Pa. C.S. §§8101–8535) (the Code) is the authority by which PSERS benefits provisions and contribution requirements are established. The Commonwealth's General Assembly has the authority to amend the benefit terms by passing bills in the Senate and House of Representatives and sending them to the Governor for approval. The Code requires contributions by active members, the employer (State System), and the Commonwealth. PSERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's financial report as a pension trust fund.

On June 12, 2017, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 5 of 2017 was signed into law. This legislation establishes a new hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution (DC) retirement benefit plan applicable to all school employees who become new members of PSERS on July 1, 2019 and thereafter. The three new plan design options under Act 5 include two hybrid plans consisting of defined benefit and defined contribution components and a stand-alone defined contribution plan. A stand-alone defined benefit plan is no longer available to new members after June 30, 2019.

PSERS issues a comprehensive annual financial report that may be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching age 62 with at least one year of credited service, age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service, or any age with 35 or more years of service. Act 120 of 2010 preserved the benefits of members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011, by creating two new membership classes: Class T-E and Class T-F. To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must complete a minimum of 35 years of service with a combination of age and service that totals 92 or greater, or they must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service.

Depending upon membership class, benefits are generally 2% or 2.5% of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, vest after completion of five years of service and may elect early retirement benefits. Class T-E and Class T-F members vest after completion of 10 years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits. Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service (10 years for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or has at least five years of credited service (10 years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Member Contributions

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Class T-C members) or at 6.50% (Class T-D members) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Class T-C) or at 7.5% (Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001, and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.5% (Class T-D). For these hires and for members who elected Class T-D, the 7.5% contribution rate began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, contribute at the rate of 7.5% (Class T-E) or 10.3% (Class T-F) of their qualifying compensation. Class T-E and Class T-F members are subject to a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 that could cause the rate in future years to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% for Class T-E and 10.3% and 12.3% for Class T-F.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Employer Contributions

The University's contractually required contribution rate for PSERS for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 33.09% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Per §8327 of the Code, the Commonwealth is required to contribute 50% of the contribution rate directly to PSERS on behalf of the University, meaning that the amount that the University actually contributed was 16.545% of covered payroll. The University's contributions to PSERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,272,452, equal to the required contractual contribution.

For the PSERS defined contribution plan, the University is required to contribute at actuarially determined average rate 0.27% of active members' annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2024, depending upon the plan chosen by the employee. Members were first eligible to choose the defined contribution plan on July 1, 2019. Therefore, the University contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were immaterial.

Actuarial Assumptions

The State System records its PSERS pension liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year end. The total PSERS pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation date June 30, 2022
- Actuarial cost method is entry age normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return of 7.00%, with 2.50% inflation.
- Salary increases based on an effective average of 4.5%, which comprises a 2.50% allowance for inflation, and 2.00% for real wage growth and merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

PSERS' policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS board of trustees. Plan assets are managed with a longterm objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension. Following is the PSERS board of trustees' adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Public Equity	30.0%	5.2%
Private Equity	12.0%	7.9%
Fixed Income	33.0%	3.2%
Commodities	7.5%	2.7%
Infrastructure/MLPs	10.0%	5.4%
Real Estate	11.0%	5.7%
Absolute Return	4.0%	4.1%
Cash	3.0%	1.2%
Leverage	-10.5%	1.2%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, PSERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on PSERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability at June 30, 2024 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the PSERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

the PSERS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate								
(in thousands)								
	1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Ir					Increase		
	6.00% 7.00% 8.00%					8.00%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	13,629	\$	10,514	\$	7,886		

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of

NOTE 10 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Proportionate Share

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized as the University's proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability, plus the related PSERS pension support provided by the Commonwealth, is as follows:

Total PSERS Net Pension Liability Associated with the University	\$ 21,027,082
Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability	
Associated with the University	 (10,513,541)
University's Proportionate Share of the	
PSERS Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,513,541

PSERS measured the 2024 net pension liability as of June 30, 2023. PSERS calculated the employer's proportion of the net pension liability using the employer's one-year reported covered payroll in relation to all participating employers' one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the State System's proportion was 0.1834%, an increase of 0.0046% from its proportion calculated as of June 30, 2022.

<u>ARP</u>

The ARP is a defined contribution plan administered by the State System. Benefits equal amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Act 188 empowers the board to establish and amend benefits provisions. The State Employees' Retirement Code establishes the employer contribution rate for the ARP, while the board establishes the employee contribution rates. Active members contribute at a rate of 5% of their qualifying compensation. The State System recognizes annual pension expenditures equal to its contractually required contributions to the plan. The State System's contribution rate on June 30, 2024 was 9.29% of qualifying compensation. The contributions to the ARP for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$4,246,980, from the University; and \$2,285,780 from active members. No liability is recognized for the ARP.

NOTE 11 WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The University participates in the State System's self-insured workers' compensation plan. For claims occurring prior to July 1, 1995, the University must pay up to \$100,000; for claims occurring on or after July 1, 1995, the University must pay up to \$200,000. Claims in excess of the self-insurance limits are funded through the Workers' Compensation Collective Reserve Fund (Reserve Fund) to which the University contributes an amount as determined by an independent actuarial study. Based on updated actuarial studies, the University contributed \$58,289 to the Reserve Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 11 WORKERS' COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

Changes in the University's claims liability amount for the fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

Balance - July 1	\$ 685,094
Projected Retained Losses	110,642
Retirements and Changes in Estimates	(467,049)
Balance - June 30	\$ 328,687

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The nature of the education industry is such that, from time to time, the universities of the State System are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, alleged negligence, acts of discrimination, breach of contract, labor disputes, disagreements arising from the interpretation of laws or regulations, theft of assets, damage to or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. While some of these claims may be for substantial amounts, they are not unusual in the ordinary course of providing educational services in a higher education system.

The University is self-insured for workers' compensation up to stated limits (Note 11). For all other risks of loss, the University pays annual premiums to the Commonwealth to participate in its Risk Management Program. The University does not participate in any public entity risk pools and does not retain risk related to any aforementioned exposure, except for those amounts incurred relative to policy deductibles that are not significant. The University has not reduced significantly any of its insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not significantly exceeded the University's commercial coverage in any of the past three years. It is not expected that the resolution of any outstanding claims and litigation will have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The University receives support from federal and Commonwealth grant programs, primarily for student financial assistance, including federal CARES, Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA) and American Rescue Act (ARPA) funding received between fiscal years 2020/2021 and 2022/2023. Entitlement to the resources requires compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. As of June 30, 2024, the University estimates that adjustments, if any, as a result of such audits would not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Construction Commitments

Authorized expenditures for construction projects unexpended as of June 30, 2024, were \$12,707,466.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Labor Concentration

Approximately 84% of PASSHE's employees are covered by nine collective bargaining agreements. During 2023-24 new collective bargaining agreements were established for the State System's clerical, administrative, technical, maintenance and trade employees with American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME); State System's social workers with Service Employees International Union (SEIU); Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF); State College & University Professional Association (SCUPA) APSCUF Non-Faculty Athletic Coaches and Office of Professional Employees International Union Healthcare Pennsylvania (OPEIU) which covers nursing positions. The new agreement with the Pennsylvania Doctors Alliance (PDA) is awaiting ratification. All of these agreements are effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2027. During 2022-23, new collective bargaining agreements were established for police supervisors and security officers with the International Union, Security, Police, and Fire Professionals of America (SPFPA) and PASSHE Officers Association (POA) through August 31, 2025.

NOTE 13 UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position as defined by GASB Statement No 35 is not subject to externally imposed stipulations; however, unrestricted net position is subject to internal designations. Unrestricted net position has been internally designated at June 30, 2024 as follows:

Designated Amounts for Educational and		
General Activities	\$ 2	26,598,673
Designated Amounts for Healthcare Reserve		583,473
Designated Amounts for Auxiliary Enterprises		
(Operations, Plant Activities, and Debt Retirement)		(4,327,599)
Designated Amounts for Plant Activities and		
Debt Retirement		18,579,188
Compensated Absences Deficit - Non-Auxiliary	(*	14,666,623)
Postretirement Benefit Deficit - Non-Auxiliary	(17	74,359,285)
Pension Benefit Deficit - Non-Auxiliary	3)	38,024,360)
Compensated Absences Deficit - Auxiliary		(222,761)
Postretirement Benefit Deficit - Auxiliary		(8,016,581)
Pension Benefit Deficit - Auxiliary		(3,577,481)
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$(24	47,433,356)

The State System does not require the University or its member universities to fund compensated absences, postretirement, or pension benefit net position deficits.

NOTE 14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – FOUNDATION FOR IUP

Ground Lease Agreement – Phase II

The University entered into the Phase II ground lease as of May 1, 2007. The Foundation has paid annual base rents for Phase II in the amount of \$36,600 beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The base rent for Phase II increases by 2% in each subsequent year through the expiration date of the lease on June 30, 2049. Additional rents equaling 0.5% of actual room rental charges began in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 for Phase II. The Foundation also provides room fee waivers for Resident Assistants residing in the facilities which the University recognizes as rental income.

The Foundation paid base rent, additional rent, and provided room waivers to the University during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 of:

	Ba	Base Rent		ional Rent	Room Waivers		
Phase II	\$	49,352	\$	32,741	\$	137,672	

Ground Lease Agreement – Phase III

The State System, on behalf of the University, entered into a Master Lease Agreement (Master Lease Agreement) with The Foundation effective August 11, 2022 for Phase III. Payments under the 2008 Ground Lease for Phase III are suspended while the Master Lease Agreement is in effect.

Facilities Management Contract for Student Housing Facilities

The University entered into facilities management contracts with the Foundation to provide the Foundation with management services operating all Phases of the Foundation's Student Housing Facilities. The agreement regarding Phase II was automatically renewed for an additional five-year period through June 30, 2028 under an automatic renewal clause in the agreement.

The State System, on behalf of the University, entered into a Master Lease Agreement (Master Lease Agreement) with the Foundation effective August 11, 2022 for Phase III. Payments under facilities management contracts for Phase III are suspended while the Master Lease Agreement is in effect.

Total management fees charged to the Foundation for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$217,712.

Under the terms of the management agreements the University collects rent, advance deposits, and other feeds from student renters then transfers the money to the Foundation. The total amount due to the Foundation at June 30, 2024 was \$389,696.

Other Property Leases

The University leases office space from the Foundation in the Phase II facility for the Student Health Center under a lease terminating on December 31, 2037. Total rent expense for these facilities was \$806,443 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – FOUNDATION FOR IUP (CONTINUED)

Other Property Leases (Continued)

The University leases office space from the Foundation in the Phase II facility for the Housing and Resident Life and Dining Management Offices under a lease terminating on December 31, 2037. Total rent expense for these facilities was \$13,327 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Additional office space is leased by the University from the Foundation in the Phase II facility for the Student Conduct Office under a lease expiring on June 30, 2027. Rent expense for this space was \$16,537 for year ended June 30, 2024.

Master Lease Agreements

Effective August 11, 2022 the State System, on behalf of the University, entered into a Master Lease Agreement with the Foundation. Under the terms of the Master Lease Agreement, the State System agreed to make monthly rent payments to the foundation as noted below; as well as pay all operating expenses and required insurance as defined in the University's previously executed loan agreements; in exchange for the right of use, operate, and collect all payments from the Foundation Phase III housing facilitate. The Master Lease Agreement includes revisionary title in which the underlying property and equipment will revert to the University at the end of the term, as defined within the agreements.

Phase	Agreement Date	Rent and Fees	Expiration Date
Phase III	July 1, 2022	Base rent of \$2,950,000 per year. Capital Reserve fee of \$294,505 in first year, increasing 3% each subsequent year. Payment of PILOT agreement.	December 31, 2056

NOTE 15 INTEREST RATE SWAP – FOUNDATION FOR IUP

As a strategy to maintain acceptable levels of exposure to the risk of changes in future cash flows due to interest rate fluctuations, the Foundation participates in interest rate swap agreements to eliminate its exposure to variability in interest payments on its bonds payable. The interest rate swaps are marked to market currently with a gain or loss recognized in the statements of activities.

The Foundation has two interest rate swap agreements whereby the Foundation pays a fixed rate of interest, in exchange for receiving payments based on a floating interest rate tied to LIBOR.

The floating rate is reset on the first day of each January, April, July, and October for two of the agreements. Effective with the September 2023 valuation, the swap agreements utilize SOFR (Secured Overnight Financing Rate) as the valuation basis.

NOTE 15 INTEREST RATE SWAP – FOUNDATION FOR IUP (CONTINUED)

In accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, included in the obligation under interest rate swap in the statement of financial position is the net cumulative unrealized loss on these derivative transactions in the amount of \$3,289,976 at June 30, 2024. Additionally, the change in the cumulative unrealized loss is included in the net loss on interest rate swap agreement in the accompanying statement of activities – component unit, and amounted to a gain of \$1,130,053 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – RESIDENTIAL REVIVAL INDIANA

Ground Lease Agreements

The University leases land to RR Indiana for the RR Indiana's student housing facilities under separate ground lease agreements for Phase I and Phase IV facilities.

The State System, on behalf of the University, entered into Master Lease Agreements (Master Lease Agreements) with RR Indiana effective July 1, 2020 for both Phase I and Phase IV. Payments under the 2017 Ground Lease for Phase I and Phase IV are suspended while the Master Lease Agreements are in effect.

Facilities Management Contracts for Student Housing Facilities

The University participates in facilities management contracts with the RR Indiana to provide the RR Indiana with management services operating all of the RR Indiana's Student Housing Facilities.

The State System, on behalf of the University, entered into Master Lease Agreements with RR Indiana effective July 1, 2020 for both Phase I and Phase IV. Payments under the facilities management contracts for Phase I and Phase IV are suspended while the Master Lease Agreements are in effect.

Other Property Leases

The University leases office space from RR Indiana in the Phase I facility for various purposes under a noncancelable operating lease transferred from the Foundation to RR Indiana.

The State System, on behalf of the University, entered into Master Lease Agreements with RR Indiana effective July 1, 2020 for both Phase I and Phase IV. Payments under the Other Property Leases for Phase I and Phase IV are suspended while the Master Lease Agreements are in effect.

NOTE 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – RESIDENTIAL REVIVAL INDIANA (CONTINUED)

Master Lease Agreements

Effective July 1, 2020, the State System, on behalf of the University, entered into Master Lease Agreements with the RR Indiana. Under the terms of the Master Lease Agreements, the State System agreed to make monthly rent payments to the RR Indiana as noted below; as well as pay all operating expenses and required insurance as defined in the University's previously executed loan agreements; in exchange for the right to use, operate, and collect all payments from the RR Indiana's Phase I and Phase IV housing facilities. The Master Lease Agreements include revisionary title in which the underlying property and equipment will revert to the University at the end of the term, as defined within the agreements.

Phase	Agreement Date	Rent and Fees	Expiration Date		
Phase I	July 1, 2021	Base rent of \$2,799,780 per year. Capital Reserve fee of \$203,759 in first year, increasing 3% each subsequent year. Payment of PILOT agreement. Additional management payment of 6.2% of RR Indiana USDA debt service.	June 30, 2039		
Phase IV	July 1, 2021	Base rent of \$2,233,416 per year. Capital Reserve fee of \$152,187 in first year, increasing 3% each subsequent year. Payment of PILOT agreement.	October 20, 2043		

NOTE 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – IUP RESEARCH FOUNDATION

The Research Institute contracts with the University to receive services in support of various research grant projects. These contracted services are in the normal course of business for both the Research Institute and the University. For the year ended June 30, 2024 the Research Institute paid IUP \$2,453,103 for contracted services. The Research Institute owed the University \$1,289,690 as of June 30, 2024, which is included in Due from Component Units.

The University pays a fee to the Research Institute for promoting and developing research opportunities, managing research grants on behalf of the University, and providing the University with other services as needed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, total amounts paid by the University to the Research Institute were \$1,143,400. The University owed the Research Institute \$145,348 as of June 30, 2024, which is included in Due to Component Units.

NOTE 18 RATINGS ACTIONS

In December 2023, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. maintained the State System's bond rating of Aa3, but revised the outlook from negative to stable. The stable outlook reflects Moody's expectations that leadership will continue to successfully execute the system redesign initiative leading to the maintenance of break-even operations and expectations of continued strong liquidity, growing Commonwealth financial support and steady declines in bonded debt. At the same time, Moody's revised the State System's Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) and Credit Impact Scores (CIS) from CIS-4 to CIS-3, reflecting improvement in that measure. CIS-3 reflects the State System's elevated exposure to social risk, including weak demographics and highly competitive market conditions, while strong financial management partly mitigates it exposure to ESG risk. In March 2024, Fitch Ratings affirmed the State System's rating of A+ with stable outlook.

NOTE 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The 2024-2025 State budget, which was signed by Governor Shapiro on July 11, 2024, provides for an additional appropriation of \$85,000,000 to the State System for facilities transition costs, the payment of bond debt services, loan repayments. In September 2024, a portion of these funds, approximately \$58,950,000 were used by the State System to make early repayment of various bond series for Indiana University of Pennsylvania and Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of SERS Net Pension Liability Determined as of December 31, SERS Measurement Date (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	State System's Proportion	University's Proportion Share	University's Covered Employee Payroll		University's Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered- Employee Payroll	SERS Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	
2014/15	4.9010 %	\$ 99,954	\$	40,768	245 %	64.8 %	
2015/16	4.7210	117,929		40,900	288	58.9	
2016/17	4.8370	127,626		41,208	310	57.8	
2017/18	4.9059	113,047		41,189	275	63.0	
2018/19	4.8971	134,471		41,984	320	56.4	
2019/20	4.7732	111,277		40,398	276	63.1	
2020/21	4.4196	102,998		37,945	271	67.0	
2021/22	4.1777	74,675		34,286	218	76.0	
2022/23	4.1504	109,498		32,747	334	61.5	
2023/24	4.0628	98,262		32,977	298	65.3	

SERS Schedule of Contributions Determined as of University's June 30 Fiscal Year-End Dates (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions Recognized by SERS		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	
2014/15	\$	7,792	\$	7,792	\$	-	\$	40,768	19.1 %	
2015/16		9,455		9,455		-		40,185	23.5	
2016/17		11,161		11,161		-		40,399	27.6	
2017/18		12,487		12,487		-		40,100	31.1	
2018/19		12,500		12,500		-		40,269	31.0	
2019/20		12,364		12,364		-		38,772	31.9	
2020/21		11,464		11,464		-		35,553	32.2	
2021/22		10,543		10,543		-		32,328	32.6	
2022/23		10,590		10,590		-		32,363	32.7	
2023/24		11,243		11,243		-		33,048	34.0	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net Pension Liability Determined as of June 30, PSERS Measurement Date (in Thousands)

					University's					
		PSERS Net	Pension Liability		State System's	Proportionate	PSERS Fiduciary			
	State	University's	Commonwealth's		Reported	Share of NPL as	Net Position as a % of Total			
Fiscal	System's	Proportion	Proportion		Contributions	a % of Covered-				
Year	Proportion	Share	Share	Total	Per PSERS	Per PSERS Employee Payroll				
2014/15	0.1785 %	\$ 10,072	\$ 10,072	\$ 20,144	\$ 3,247	310 %	57.2 %			
2015/16	0.1852	11,851	11,851	23,702	7,042	168	54.4			
2016/17	0.1833	12,772	12,772	25,544	6,677	191	50.1			
2017/18	0.1811	11,491	11,491	22,982	6,197	185	51.8			
2018/19	0.1836	11,421	11,421	22,842	6,406	178	54.0			
2019/20	0.1866	11,473	11,473	22,946	6,764	170	55.7			
2020/21	0.1856	12,113	12,113	24,226	1,149	1054	54.3			
2021/22	0.1778	9,510	9,510	19,020	1,101	864	63.7			
2022/23	0.1788	10,299	10,299	20,597	1,155	900	61.3			
2023/24	0.1834	10,514	10,514	21,027	1,238	800	61.9			

PSERS Schedule of Contributions Determined as of University's June 30 Fiscal Year-End Dates (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions Recognized by PSERS		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	
2014/15	\$	774	\$	774	\$	-	\$	3,247	23.8 %	
2015/16		845		845		-		6,917	12.2	
2016/17		913		913		-		6,313	14.5	
2017/18		1,021		1,021		-		6,567	15.6	
2018/19		1,114		1,114		-		6,890	16.2	
2019/20		1,162		1,162		-		7,011	16.6	
2020/21		1,140		1,140		-		6,808	16.8	
2021/22		1,152		1,152		-		6,804	16.9	
2022/23		1,204		1,204		-		7,070	17.0	
2023/24		1,272		1,272		-		7,743	16.4	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of REHP Net OPEB Liability Determined as of June 30, REHP Measurement Date (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	State System's Proportion	University Proportion Share		C Ei	iversity's Covered mployee Payroll	University's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability a % of Covered- Employee Payroll	REHP's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	
2017/18	4.3740 %	\$	101,185	\$	13,795	733.5 %	1.4 %	
2018/19	4.4830		75,935		13,544	560.7	2.2	
2019/20	4.3701		53,072		13,628	389.4	3.8	
2020/21	0.2750		63,108		13,914	453.6	3.7	
2021/22	4.0260		48,517		12,334	393.4	6.1	
2022/23	3.6478		37,195		10,432	356.6	5.9	
2023/24	3.0292		23,826		10,629	224.2	8.8	

REHP Schedule of Contributions Determined as of University's June 30 Fiscal Year-End Dates (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions Recognized by REHP		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll
2017/18	\$	2,474	\$	2,474	\$	-	\$	16,855	14.7 %
2018/19		3,007		3,007		-		17,168	17.5
2019/20		2,345		2,345		-		16,527	14.2
2020/21		1,221		1,221		-		15,247	8.0
2021/22		949		949		-		12,760	7.4
2022/23		839		839		-		12,030	7.0
2023/24		1,749		1,749		-		11,948	14.6

Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net OPEB Liability Determined as of June 30, PSERS Measurement Date (in Thousands)

									University's Proportionate	PSERS	
		PS	ERS Net	OPEB Lia	ability	Un	iversity's	Share of Net	Fiduciary		
	State	Unive	ersity's	Commo	onwealth's		Covered Employee		OPEB Liability as	Net Position	
Fiscal	System's	Propo	rtionate	Propo	ortionate				a % of Covered-	as a % of Total	
Year	Proportion	Sł	nare	S	hare	 Total	F	Payroll Employee Payroll		OPEB Liability	
2017/18	0.1811 %	\$	474	\$	474	\$ 948	\$	6,200	7.65 %	5.73 %	
2018/19	0.1836		500		500	1,000		6,455	7.74	5.56	
2019/20	0.1886		523		523	1,046		6,783	7.71	5.56	
2020/21	0.1852		524		524	1,047		6,803	7.70	5.69	
2021/22	0.1770		543		543	1,086		6,496	8.36	5.30	
2022/23	0.1780		422		422	845		6,748	6.26	6.86	
2023/24	0.1821		422		422	844		7,148	5.90	7.22	

PSERS OPEB Schedule of Contributions Determined as of University's June 30 Fiscal Year-End Dates (in Thousands)

_	Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions Recognized by PSERS		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	
	2017/18	\$	27	\$	27	\$	-	\$	6,597	0.41 %	
	2018/19		28		28		-		6,890	0.41	
	2019/20		29		29		-		7,011	0.41	
	2020/21		28		28		-		6,808	0.41	
	2021/22		27		27		-		6,804	0.40	
	2022/23		27		27		-		7,070	0.37	
	2023/24		24		24		-		7,743	0.32	

System Plan OPEB Liability Determined as of the June 30 Measurement Dates

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
. . . .	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	
Changes in the System Plan Total							
OPEB Liability							
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning							
Balance	\$ 93,991,010	\$ 160,687,462	\$ 171,185,138	\$ 153,416,569	\$ 161,883,866	\$ 183,519,604	
Service Cost	2,643,206	4,704,930	5,273,484	3,973,371	4,385,301	5,324,961	
Interest	3,837,606	3,712,403	3,235,356	5,191,684	4,871,602	5,813,501	
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	(947,638)	-	-	-	(128,007)	
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience	-	(24,119,764)	-	(18,016,223)	(8,456,952)	(22,099,508)	
Changes of Assumptions	1,099,334	(35,316,509)	(10,780,899)	34,954,393	-	(1,450,784)	
Benefit Payments	(1,105,119)	(14,729,874)	(8,225,617)	(8,334,656)	(9,267,248)	(9,095,901)	
Net Changes	6,475,027	(66,696,452)	(10,497,676)	17,768,569	(8,467,297)	(21,635,738)	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending Balance	\$ 100,466,037	\$ 93,991,010	\$ 160,687,462	<u>\$ 171,185,138</u>	\$ 153,416,569	\$ 161,883,866	
Covered Employee Payroll OPEB Liability as a Percent of Covered	\$ 55,235,185	\$ 53,699,339	\$ 65,803,740	\$ 67,271,134	\$ 69,899,009	\$ 71,772,516	
Payroll	181.89%	175.03%	244.19%	254.47%	219.48%	225.55%	

Note to Schedule:

The System Plan has no assets accumulated in trust in which the employer contributions are irrevocable, are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members, or are legally protected from creditors.



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